

THE CHAIR AND ALL MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL

Thursday 16 February 2023

Dear Member

COUNCIL - FRIDAY 24TH FEBRUARY, 2023

You are hereby summoned to attend a meeting of the Council of the Borough of Middlesbrough to be held on **Friday 24th February, 2023** at **6.00 pm** in the Council Chamber to transact the following business, namely:-

1. Apologies for Absence

2. Declarations of Interest

To receive any declarations of interest.

3. Announcements/Communications

To receive and consider any communications from the Chair, Mayor, Executive Members or Chief Executive (if any).

4. Mayoral Development Corporation

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Charlotte Benjamin,
Director of Legal and Governance Services

PLEASE NOTE THERE IS RESTRICTED
DISABLED ACCESS TO THE COUNCIL CHAMBER

Inspection of Papers – Documents referred to on this Summons may be downloaded from the Council's Website.

Should you have any queries in regard to the items on this agenda please contact Bernie Carr, Democratic Services on (Direct Line 01642 729714 or e-mail on: bernie_carr@middlesbrough.gov.uk).

Address: Democratic Services, Middlesbrough Council, Town Hall, Middlesbrough TS1 9FX

Website: www.middlesbrough.gov.uk

MIDDLESBROUGH COUNCIL	
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Report of:	The Mayor, Andy Preston
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Submitted to:	Council
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Date:	24th February 2023
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Title:	Mayoral Development Corporation – Consultation
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Report for:	Decision
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Status:	Public
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Strategic priority:	Town centre
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Key decision:	Yes
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Why:	Decision(s) will have a significant impact in two or more wards
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Urgent:	Yes
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Why:	Needs consideration before consultation deadline
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Executive summary
<p>A proposal to create a Mayoral Development Corporation covering Middlesbrough Town Centre and Middlehaven has been laid before Parliament in preparation for its inception on February 27th. As part of this process a consultation will be opened by the Secretary of State for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities, and the Council will be asked to respond. The principles of any future consultation response are proposed in this report to cover the Council’s views on issues such as the overall support for the corporation, and on more detailed matters around others such as discharging planning responsibilities for the designated area. The report also proposes the transfer of specific Council assets over to the corporation to enable it to accelerate development and deliver against the emerging masterplan. The proposed transfer would trigger activity with the potential to generate £4.9m of additional revenue for the Council per annum, 2,931 direct jobs and £287m of investment.</p>

Purpose

1. The purpose of this report is to seek endorsement for a clear Council position on the formation of a Mayoral Development Corporation for Middlesbrough Town Centre and Middlehaven. As part of the process of forming the corporation, the Council will be asked by the Secretary of State for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities for its views on a number of principles, which are set out in the report.
2. The report also seeks endorsement to the transfer of a defined list of Council assets to the corporation in the event of its formation being confirmed.

Background and relevant information

3. In May 2022, the Tees Valley Mayor announced that he intended to establish a Mayoral Development Corporation that would cover Middlesbrough Town Centre (including Middlehaven). The announcement stated that *“The Mayoral Development Corporation provides an unprecedented opportunity to define the place, its purpose, ambition, values and target market. It will give the region the tools to speed up delivery of what we need to build strong foundations, attract private investment, people and businesses, while enhancing the town for residents and visitors”*. A similar corporation was also announced for central Hartlepool.

Mayoral Development Corporations

4. A Mayoral Development Corporation, or MDC, is a statutory body created to accelerate the regeneration of a defined area. It can draw on a wide range of powers to acquire, develop, hold and dispose of land and property, and develop infrastructure.
5. The power to establish a Mayoral Development Corporation is set out in the Localism Act 2011 (Section 197) that empowers the Secretary of State, by order, to establish a development corporation for an area and to give that corporation a name notified by the Mayor. This power is reflected in the Tees Valley Combined Authority (Functions) Order 2017 which sets out the steps that would need to be taken to establish an MDC in Tees Valley.
6. Orders would be placed before Parliament by the Secretary of State to define the powers and responsibilities of a corporation, but the powers and responsibilities vested can vary depending on what an area is trying to achieve. These powers could include:
 - a. infrastructure;
 - b. regeneration, development of land and other related activities;
 - c. acquisition of land by compulsory purchase and overriding third party rights to its land;
 - d. adoption of private streets;
 - e. carrying on of business by the MDC and its participation in subsidiaries and other companies;
 - f. giving of financial assistance;
 - g. planning (including powers set out in the Town and Country Planning Act 1990); and,
 - h. discretionary relief to business (non-domestic rates) rate payers.

7. Such a corporation would be classed as a public body with regard to issues such as the Freedom of Information Act.

Local Powers

8. As the designation of an area as an MDC can be agreed directly between the Tees Valley Combined Authority (TVCA) and the Secretary of State for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities, Middlesbrough Council does not have a direct power of veto. The Council is however a key consultee in the legal process, and a key partner in TVCA, so the views of the Council are clearly an important factor in its establishment.

Progress to Date

9. Following the announcement in May 2022 the establishment of an MDC was debated within the formal structures of TVCA, culminating in a formal decision on 22nd July 2022 to support the designation of an MDC for Middlesbrough – subject to consultation. At this meeting an allocation of £10m was also agreed for inclusion within the TVCA Investment Plan to support the MDC.
10. The objectives of the proposed MDC were set out as follows:
 - a. to further the economic development and regeneration of the Middlesbrough area, so that it becomes a major contributor to the Tees Valley economy and the delivery of the Tees Valley's Strategic Economic Plan;
 - b. to attract private sector investment and secure additional jobs, available for the people of the Tees Valley; and,
 - c. to transform and improve the environment of the Corporation area, providing good quality commercial, cultural, leisure and housing facilities for the benefit of the people of Middlesbrough.
11. A formal consultation on the establishment of the MDC closed in August 2022, having given people and organisations the opportunity to comment on the general principles of the proposal, potential powers the MDC may hold, and the red line boundary within which it would operate.
12. The overall response to the consultation was very positive towards the establishment of an MDC, with 79% responding that a corporation would support the economic regeneration of Middlesbrough. Some minor amendments were proposed to the red line, that have now been accepted.
13. The Council's own response to the consultation was also positive about the establishment of the corporation but included a number of caveats in relation to specific powers and the need for further local engagement. This response was approved by the Council's Executive on 3rd August 2022 and submitted thereafter. This formal response is included as **Appendix I**.
14. Since the consultation ended, a shadow MDC board has been established, comprising:
 - a. Ben Houchen (Tees Valley Mayor)
 - b. Paul Booth (Vic Chair, Teesside University)

- c. Andy Preston (Mayor, Middlesbrough Borough Council)
- d. Idrees Rashid (Director of Operations, BME Network CIC)
- e. Mieka Smiles (Deputy Mayor, Middlesbrough Council)
- f. Steve Turner (Police & Crime Commissioner, Cleveland Police)

15. The shadow board also includes the following Associate Members:

- a. Julie Gilhespie (Chief Executive, Tees Valley Combined Authority)
- b. Tony Parkinson (Chief Executive, Middlesbrough Council)
- c. Mark Webster (Chief Constable, Cleveland Police)

16. The shadow board has met on a number of occasions since formation, to discuss the formal steps required to bring the MDC into being, and the powers to be requested from the Secretary of State.

17. In line with the legislative framework, the formal submission to create the MDC was made to the Secretary of State for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities in October 2022. This signalled the start of the formal legislation being drawn up by the government to establish the MDC and its accompanying powers.

18. In more recent months, a draft constitution has been prepared by the shadow board and circulated to partners for comment, alongside a masterplan that sets out a list of priority areas and interventions that the MDC would seek to take forward.

19. To complete the formal designation process, the formal order to establish the MDC was laid before Parliament on 6th February and is expected to be confirmed as passing into statute on 27th February. This would trigger the formal creation of the MDC as a legal entity.

20. The final boundary agreed with the government is included as **Appendix II**.

Second Consultation

21. Following the more general consultation about the principles of the MDC concluding in August 2022, a more detailed consultation is now to be undertaken by the government on the key issues such as the powers that the MDC would carry, and the ownership of assets that would be required to fulfil its remit. The views of Middlesbrough Council are specifically required to inform this process.

22. As the Council's response to key issues will be critical to the formation and development of the MDC, the Council's position is being requested by the government at the earliest opportunity, although further consultation may continue beyond this.

23. Although this report is being written prior to any formal questions being set out by the government, there are a number of key principles that will need to form the basis for any response. These are set out below, along with the proposed position for the Council to adopt. The response will be prepared and submitted in line with these principles.

Proposed Consultation Responses

Support for the MDC

24. As set out in the first consultation response submitted in August 2022, the establishment of an MDC would be seen as a positive, and the Council would therefore be supportive, due to the following rationale.
25. The economy of Middlesbrough is evolving in line with national and global trends around retail, travel and leisure. The Covid pandemic has accelerated existing trends and created new challenges that mean the existing plans for Middlesbrough Town Centre are no longer sufficient to guarantee a sustainable, functioning economic area. The extent of the change needed, and the scale of investment required are potentially beyond the reach of Middlesbrough Council, and its existing range of partners.
26. The development of an MDC should offer the opportunity to increase the public sector's ability to intervene in the economy of the town centre and engage more effectively with the resources of the private sector. An MDC should also be able to utilise powers not currently available to the council, providing it with a greater opportunity to regenerate the town centre, and force the issues that would otherwise delay or obstruct the Council's ability to act. When fundamental change is required to ensure the town evolves in line with national and global trends, this ability to act could be hugely beneficial.
27. The funding available to Middlesbrough Council in recent years has been significant, but not significant enough to tackle the major physical change required to truly transform the town. An MDC would open the door to greater investment from TVCA and from the government with significant potential to ensure Middlesbrough is at the front of the queue for new initiatives, policy changes and funding rounds. If this is exploited, there would be a significant benefit to the town. The increased opportunity to influence government policy thinking would also be exploited.
28. The potential for additional investment into Middlesbrough has been clearly evidenced in recent weeks with the initial proposal for £10m of investment from TVCA being supplemented by a further £8m announced by the Secretary of State for the Gresham area to deliver the MDC's future plans. In simple terms, the establishment of an MDC would automatically unlock £18m of funding that would otherwise not be available to the area.
29. Overall, an MDC should be able to accelerate the regeneration of the town centre, and provide greater influence, resources and strategic direction to the planned transformation, than would otherwise be achieved without it.

Proposed Constitution

30. Since the first draft of the constitution was produced, a number of changes have been requested to ensure the interests of Middlesbrough Council are protected. The majority of these changes have now been agreed. Whilst there will inevitably be minor further drafting required, the version included as **Appendix III** represents the current proposal.
31. The key protections that have been added with regard to the Council can be summarised as:

- a. An elected member of Middlesbrough Council shall be the Vice Chair of the Corporation Board.
- b. The quorum shall be half of the members in office, to include the TVCA Mayor, and **must** include at least one Member who is an elected Member of Middlesbrough Council.
- c. The Corporation must not make any decision which imposes a financial or other liability on Tees Valley Combined Authority or Middlesbrough Council.

32. As it stands, it is recommended that the proposed constitution represents an appropriate balance between the needs of the MDC and the protections the Council would require to engage proactively.

Planning Powers

33. In line with the legislation around MDCs, the Middlesbrough MDC would seek to discharge planning powers within the boundary shown in **Appendix II**. How these powers would be discharged would be contained within a Memorandum of Understanding between the MDC and Middlesbrough Council (the existing Planning Authority). The Memorandum would set out the following position:

- a. The MDC would discharge planning powers for all decisions that fall within the red line boundary, where they meet the 'strategic' definition set out in the Memorandum. Decisions on all other planning matters within the red line boundary would be delegated back to Middlesbrough Council.
- b. The MDC would discharge compulsory purchase powers for the red line area, with Middlesbrough Council still able to exercise such powers with consent where required.
- c. The MDC would discharge all powers within the red line area with regard to listed buildings.
- d. All planning enforcement matters would be delegated back to Middlesbrough Council, as would any applications regarding consent for overhead electricity lines.
- e. The MDC would not be discharging any powers relating to the preparation and adoption of the Local Plan, although in line with statutory requirements, a Supplementary Planning Document/Design Code would be developed for the red line area, which would sit alongside an agreed masterplan. This document would be published for statutory consultation.

34. In practice, the number of planning decisions likely to be made by the MDC is quite limited, as it would only be for major investments. As these investments are significantly less likely to be forthcoming without an MDC, the number of Council planning decisions that would otherwise have been required in the town centre would be even smaller.

35. Subject to the final agreement in the Memorandum of any detailed implementation issues within the above, it is recommended that the Council be supportive of the proposed approach.

Discretionary Rate Relief

36. The MDC would have the power to grant discretionary rate relief to businesses within the redline boundary. The application of this power in operational terms has been the subject of extensive discussions with officers, and a detailed Memorandum of Understanding is being developed to guide its implementation.

37. The default position would be that the MDC can grant business rate relief within the red line area but must compensate Middlesbrough Council for any resulting loss of business rates income.

38. Where this applies to new rates (e.g. new investments) there would be an agreement that this could be offered without compensating the Council, but only if it is agreed by the MDC Board, with the express agreement of the Mayor of Middlesbrough. In the event this isn't granted it reverts to the above default position. Therefore, the Mayor of MBC would have a veto over any such scheme. Where there is an impact on Council finances, again it reverts to the default position.

39. Given the veto, and the agreed default position, it is recommended that the Council be supportive of this approach.

Asset Transfers

40. As part of the legislation, an MDC can request any existing publicly held assets be transferred into its ownership.

41. Since the intention to set up an MDC was announced by the Tees Valley Mayor, discussions around the potential transfer of Council assets have taken place continuously. As plans have started to emerge, the assets which were deemed by both parties to be best positioned to facilitate the delivery of the MDC masterplan have become clearer. The final list of assets being requested for transfer is therefore as follows:

Asset	Details	Rationale
Station Street Car Park / Marsh Road	116 space car park	Redevelopment of under-utilised part of town into vibrant mixed use employment district. Delivery of new destination with improved footfall and live/workspaces to create a new community along Station Street.
Units under A66 along Wilson Street – Land lying on the south side of Brunswick, Exchange Walk and Royal Exchange Place	Retail units currently leased to single operator	Opportunity to improve the Arches along Wilson Street to provide improved sense of safety and increased footfall under the A66.
Gresham: Buildings on Linthorpe Road near The Crown (147, 149, 151 Linthorpe Road)	Three retail units purchased to facilitate 'punch through' into previous Student Village scheme	Delivery of mixed-use development to regenerate Gresham including student accommodation, leisure uses,
Gresham: Amber Street Car Park	72 space car park	

Gresham: Land used for car parking behind the Crown	Area currently used for informal car parking	business incubation space and car park.
The Crown	Recently purchased former cinema building secured to preserve heritage value	
Civic Centre	Former Council offices currently on the market for sale	Redevelopment of strategic site to increase mix of uses around key open space in the town.
Buxton Street Car Park	93 space car park	Required to facilitate development of the Gurney Triangle.
Jurys Inn Car Park	32 space car park	Required to facilitate development of the Gurney Triangle.
Broadcasting House	Enterprise Centre currently housing a number of businesses, charitable organisations and the BBC	Gateway Development Opportunity
Sainsburys Site	Freehold of site currently leased to Sainsburys for superstore	Gateway Development Opportunity
Middlesbrough Bus Station	Bus station, layover space, coach provision, Council accommodation and retail units housing seven businesses	Opportunity to better integrate a modern transport hub into the emerging Town Centre uses.
Middlehaven, Middlesbrough Dock and Surrounding Land	38.93 acres of land assembled over time from various ownerships	St Hilda's housing development, internationally recognised anchor leisure attraction and mixed use residential and commercial dockside development that will deliver waterfront living and working.

42. A plan showing the location of these assets is included as **Appendix IV**, although exact boundaries are subject to further clarification to ensure already developed land and assets are excluded where appropriate.

43. The Council's appetite for transferring these assets will be critical to the Secretary of State's consultation, and therefore the future of the MDC. It should however be noted that despite any views that may be expressed by the Council, the legislation dictates that any decisions on the ownership of publicly held assets ultimately fall to the Secretary of State. In short, the Council may choose to *support* or *oppose* the transfer of assets, but it cannot ultimately control whether it happens or not.

44. Although the Secretary of State has the legal power to transfer any publicly owned asset over to the MDC (even if it is against the wishes of the Council), the intention of both the government and the MDC itself is to achieve this through mutual agreement.

45. As a result, extensive financial due diligence has been undertaken by the Council to understand what the financial implications of the proposed transfers would be. These implications are set out as follows:

Annual Income / Expenditure

46. Each asset considered for transfer has an impact upon the current Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP). Some are positive as they generate income in excess of expenditure (such as car parks) and others are negative as they trigger costs in excess of income (such empty buildings with high security costs).

47. If car parks are removed from the equation, the overall costs of retaining the requested assets significantly outweighs the income generated from them (by over £200,000). Once car parks are included within the equation, the position improves, but still does not represent a positive impact upon the MTFP (it remains a minor negative). As a result, transferring the listed assets would not trigger any compensation from the MDC, and would potentially make the Council a minor saving.
48. Where an asset identified for transfer is in current operational use (such as a car park or tenanted commercial unit) it is proposed that the Council would retain the ability to operate the asset until such times as the MDC require the operations to cease. For example, the Buxton Street Car Park could transfer to the MDC, but the Council would continue to operate it as a car park, and retain the income from doing so until the site is needed for development. The financial impact of this would benefit the Council rather than the MDC, so would therefore not need to be factored into the equation.
49. It is therefore recommended that the Council would not oppose the transfer of assets on the basis of current MTFP expectations.

Capital Receipts

50. Although the Secretary of State's powers extend to determining if any capital receipt should accompany the asset transfer, there is an expectation that the transfer of assets between two public bodies is done without triggering such a payment. Transferring multiple assets with significant capital value from the Council to the MDC would however cause a significant reduction in the Council's asset portfolio value, and therefore the capacity for future borrowing.
51. In determining its response to the request to transfer, the Council also has to ensure that it fully meets its legal obligation to observe best consideration. The Council would not therefore be able to accept a situation where assets transferred to the MDC without any capital receipt unless there was a sound business case for doing so or some other mechanism for release. As the assets are currently valued at a total of £14.7m, the benefits need to significantly exceed this figure.
52. The valuation figure of £14.7m is derived from the net book value that the Council currently holds the assets at, although this is not always reflective of the market value that could be achieved from an open sale. Some of the assets would naturally have the potential to achieve a higher value in a competitive sale, but many of those listed are unlikely to achieve the book value if disposed of in the current market conditions. The bulk of the asset valuation is derived from the land at Middlehaven, where 38.93 acres is currently held as a value of £175,000 per acre, or £6.8m.
53. The business case would need to take into account the potential benefits to the Council and to the people of Middlesbrough of transferring assets over to the MDC, balanced against the potential benefits of the assets remaining with the Council. If it can be demonstrated that the benefits of transferring to the MDC outweigh any negative implications for the Council then it would be appropriate to support this course of action.

54. The business case put forward for supporting the transfer of assets without an accompanying capital receipt, through the delivery of the emerging masterplan can be summarised as follows:
- a. The formation of the MDC and the transfer of Council assets would directly trigger the investment of £10m from TVCA's Investment Plan, and a further £8m from the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities for development at Gresham.
 - b. 1m sq ft of new commercial space would be created from projects utilising the Council's assets at a cost of £209m, providing the Council with additional business rates of up to £3.7m per annum, exclusive of any discounted rate relief.
 - c. 590 new homes (on top of existing Council plans) would be created through projects utilising the Council's assets at a cost of £78m, providing the Council with additional Council Tax of around £1.2m per annum.
 - d. 2,931 direct and 1,172 indirect jobs are expected to be created from projects utilising the Council's assets, creating a Gross Value Added to the local economy of £125m and £38m respectively.
 - e. The wider activities of the MDC utilising other non-Council assets would also add further investment, housing and commercial space into the area, along with additional jobs and the corresponding effect on Gross Value Added.
 - f. In addition to the above benefits, any profits or receipts generated by the MDC's ownership of the transferred assets is ringfenced within the constitution to furthering regeneration objectives within the red line boundary. In short, the capital value of the assets may be lost to Middlesbrough Council but is not lost to the area.
 - g. Any transferred assets would be returned to the Council if development did not take place within 10 years, ensuring that the value of any undeveloped land or assets would be retained in the longer term by the Council.
55. Although the MDC would generate significant development activity and new Business Rates and Council Tax revenue, some activities were already planned and in place for the future development of St Hilda's. This activity is expected to produce around 500 housing units, with additional Council Tax of up to £1.2m per year once complete. This has not been included above and is provided as context only. This does however set out the extent of the activity that the Council is likely to be able to stimulate *without* the formation of an MDC.
56. In total the potential additional income to the Council would equate to around £4.9m per annum on top of existing development plans and an additional development value of £287m (including the initial investment of £18m). As the assets requested for transfer are currently held on the Councils balance sheet at a value of £14.7m this would suggest that the business case for transfer is sufficient to enable the Council's Best Consideration duty to be observed.

57. It is therefore recommended that the transfer of assets be supported, to facilitate the financial benefits of the overall business case for the town. The final transfer arrangements would be subject to the Council's Section 151 Officer being satisfied that the Best Consideration duty continues to be observed.

Timescales

58. The Secretary of State's consultation will take place in February and March, but the Council's views on the key issues are required at the earliest opportunity.

59. Assuming the order laid before Parliament on 6th February is successful, the MDC would come into being on 27th February.

60. Any approved asset transfers would take place from February 27th onwards, as determined by the Secretary of State.

What decision(s) are being recommended?

61. That the Council endorses the proposed principles around the formation of the Mayoral Development Corporation, as set out in the report, to inform a response to the government consultation.

Rationale for the recommended decision(s)

62. The establishment of an MDC for Middlesbrough Town Centre and Middlehaven would enable the economic regeneration of the town to be accelerated.

Other potential decision(s) and why these have not been recommended

63. The Council could choose to respond negatively to the consultation, and request that the Secretary of State prevents the formation of an MDC for Middlesbrough. Although this may potentially retain the Council's level of control over the regeneration of the area, and its existing assets, the lack of available finance and capacity would greatly constrain the next phases of the town centre's evolution. The £10m identified in the TVCA Investment Plan and the £8m recently announced for Gresham would not be forthcoming, and future funding options would be severely limited. This option has not therefore been recommended as the benefits that the MDC could bring would heavily outweigh the benefits of retaining the current level of control.

64. The Council could choose to respond positively to the consultation about the MDC but stop short of supporting the transfer of any assets. Although the Secretary of State does have the power to transfer the assets regardless of the Council's endorsement, this is not the intention of anyone involved in the process. Supporting the formation of the MDC and retaining the listed assets would potentially be feasible, if the emerging masterplan was not reliant upon the MDC having control of the assets required to make the subsequent deals commercially viable. The advantage of the MDC would be that it can work more closely with the private sector to facilitate development, which would be made more difficult by other public sector ownership interests. This option has not therefore been recommended as the benefits that the MDC would bring would heavily outweigh the benefits of the Council retaining control of these assets.

Impact(s) of the recommended decision(s)

Legal

65. The establishment of the MDC would significantly affect the Council from a legal standpoint. There will be significant changes required to the Council's role in town planning, compulsory purchase powers and to the awarding of Business Rates relief. Legal Services would be heavily involved in responding to the implications of these changes, and the legal relationship that would need to exist between the MDC and Middlesbrough Council. This work is already underway and would continue as the practical arrangements around these areas evolve further.
66. The transfer of assets to the MDC would also require significant legal input to ensure that the Council's interests are appropriately protected. This would include ensuring that any tenancy agreements in place are appropriately managed, and the any ongoing operational issues are undertaken with the appropriate protections in place.
67. The emerging MDC constitution will also be critical, as this will ultimately guide the future interaction between the Council and the MDC. The issues of control/influence, veto, voting and scrutiny are managed through this document, and the Council will continue to push for the evolution of a document that needs to balance the future regeneration needs of the town with the Council's need for good governance, stability and financial sustainability.

Strategic priorities and risks

68. The remit of the proposed MDC would encompass many of the priorities set out in the Council's Strategic Plan. Key priorities affected would include:
- a. Develop an Urban Farm
 - b. Installation of 15 new EV charging points across town
 - c. Establish the requirement for potential CPO of derelict buildings and problem sites
 - d. Consider potential for BOHO digital expansion
 - e. St Hilda's housing starts around Old Town Hall
 - f. Protect and celebrate heritage through marketing and comms strategies and complete planned works on Capt Cook pub and Old Town Hall
 - g. Open three entertainment facilities within Captain Cook Square
 - h. Commercial and residential development of west and south side Middlehaven sites
 - i. Action plan agreed and commenced for House of Fraser building
 - j. Action plan agreed and commenced for Centre North East
 - k. Action plan agreed and commenced for the Crown Pub building
 - l. Action plan agreed and commenced for Gurney House
69. The purpose of the MDC would be to significantly accelerate the delivery of some of these priorities.

Human Rights, Equality and Data Protection

70. As any MDC would be classed as a public body, the same legal protections would apply to it that currently apply to Middlesbrough Council. No issues have yet been

identified, but these would be considered in the future, once the potential impacts on the Council's role are clear.

Financial

71. Middlesbrough Council was served a Best Value Improvement Notice in January 2023 and as such the Council needs to consider the implications of this when taking decisions to ensure they are taken with due consideration of relevant information. The current climate where councils are held to account for financial sustainability with subsequent risk of intervention begs for a greater degree of due diligence and transparency. As a result, there are a number of areas where the formation of the MDC and the proposed transfer of assets could have an impact upon the Council's financial position:

Asset Transfer

72. This report sets out the consequences of an MDC on Middlesbrough and also the contextual information to enable the Secretary of State to exercise his powers for the transfer of assets. If the Secretary of State makes a lawful scheme requiring transfer at nil value or an undervalue, the intention is clearly that the parties have to comply with it.

73. The MDC forms an integral part of the Tees Valley Investment Strategy. This is expected to deliver a wide range of economic benefits to the area within the red line boundary as outlined in this report. Additional local revenue will be created as a direct result of the MDC creating additional business rates expected to be £3.7m pa and Council Tax revenues of £1.2m pa. In addition, further investment will be made available through the MDC earmarked for Middlesbrough of an initial £18m in total, which would not otherwise be available. As the current value of the assets requested for transfer is £14.7m then the business case for doing so would satisfy the Council's duty to observe Best Consideration.

Business Rates

74. The potential for the MDC to grant Business Rates relief for new developments wouldn't affect the Council directly as the rates would be unlikely to exist without the MDC investment. Any loss experienced due to relief offered against existing rates would also be recovered from the MDC. The proposals wouldn't therefore disadvantage the Council, and should provide benefit in the longer term as the rates generated by additional development triggered by the MDC would come to the Council.

Planning Fees

75. Fee income generated through major town centre developments would normally be collected by the Council, but in future would be retained by the MDC. This could potentially be seen as having a negative effect on the Council's overall financial position, but the number of major developments that would take place in future without the investment of the MDC in future is highly questionable. The Council would however retain the fees from non-strategic activity in the town centre & Middlehaven, and for all activity across the rest of the town.

Actions to be taken to implement the recommended decision(s)

Action	Responsible Officer	Deadline
Submission of consultation response	Director of Regeneration	February 27 th 2023

Appendices

1	Council Response to August 2022 Consultation
2	MDC Boundary
3	Draft Constitution As At 16/02/23
4	Asset Map

Do you think the Mayoral Development Corporation will support the economic regeneration of Middlesbrough Town Centre?

Yes, for the following reasons:

The economy of Middlesbrough is evolving in line with national and global trends around retail, travel and leisure. The Covid pandemic has accelerated existing trends and created new challenges that mean the existing plans for Middlesbrough Town Centre are no longer sufficient to guarantee a sustainable, functioning economic area. The extent of the change needed, and the scale of investment required are potentially beyond the reach of Middlesbrough Council, and its existing range of partners.

The development of a mayoral development corporation should offer the opportunity to increase the public sector's ability to intervene in the economy of the town centre and engage more effectively with the resources of the private sector.

A mayoral development corporation should be able to utilise powers not currently available to the council, providing it with a greater opportunity to regenerate the town centre, and force the issues that would otherwise delay or obstruct the council's ability to act. When fundamental change is required to ensure the town evolves in line with national and global trends, this ability to act could be hugely beneficial.

The funding available to Middlesbrough Council in recent years has been significant, but not significant enough to tackle the major physical change required to truly transform the town. A mayoral development corporation may open the door to greater investment from TVCA and from Government. Given the potential links between the current Government's agenda, and the leadership of TVCA and the proposed mayoral development corporation, there is significant potential to ensure Middlesbrough is at the front of the queue for new initiatives, policy changes and funding rounds. If this is exploited, there would be a significant benefit to the town. The increased opportunity to influence government policy thinking should also be exploited.

Overall, a mayoral development corporation should be able to accelerate the regeneration of the town centre, and provide greater influence, resources and strategic direction to the planned transformation, than would otherwise be achieved without it.

Do you think the boundary is appropriate?

Yes, for the following reasons:

The current proposed boundary takes in the majority of the areas where change is required in the centre of Middlesbrough. The key buildings that need transforming, and the public areas that needs uplifting are all currently included. There are a number of institutions and organisations that currently sit outside of the boundary, and the Council would not be averse to further extension of the boundary on the basis of including, rather than excluding those partners that would strengthen the overall business case.

Although the need for a boundary is understood, and the extent of the current boundary is agreeable, there needs to be some consideration given to its application if it results in situations where division causes issues sitting outside of the line (grants programmes for example).

Do you think the proposed powers are the right ones to deliver our ambitions for the site?

In broad terms, yes, but without having the details around the package of powers to be requested from Government then it is difficult to be too definitive. The mayoral development corporation has the opportunity to request and use powers that are either not available to local authorities, or are difficult for local authorities to implement, and these should be utilised fully.

We would expect to see those powers concerned with infrastructure, regeneration and acquisition used to the full to progress the strategic transformation required. The use of further powers around planning and business rates would obviously have some implications for the council, and as such we would welcome engagement over how they are shaped. We would clearly want to understand our own complementary role at an early stage, and ensure that there is no detrimental financial impact upon the council.

Do you have any comments on the proposals to include planning powers?

As above we would be supportive of the proposals if it can be demonstrated that they are required to deliver the regeneration agenda. The use of planning powers would obviously have some implications for the council, and as such we would welcome engagement over how they are shaped. We would clearly want to understand our own complementary role at an early stage, and ensure that there is no detrimental financial impact upon the council.



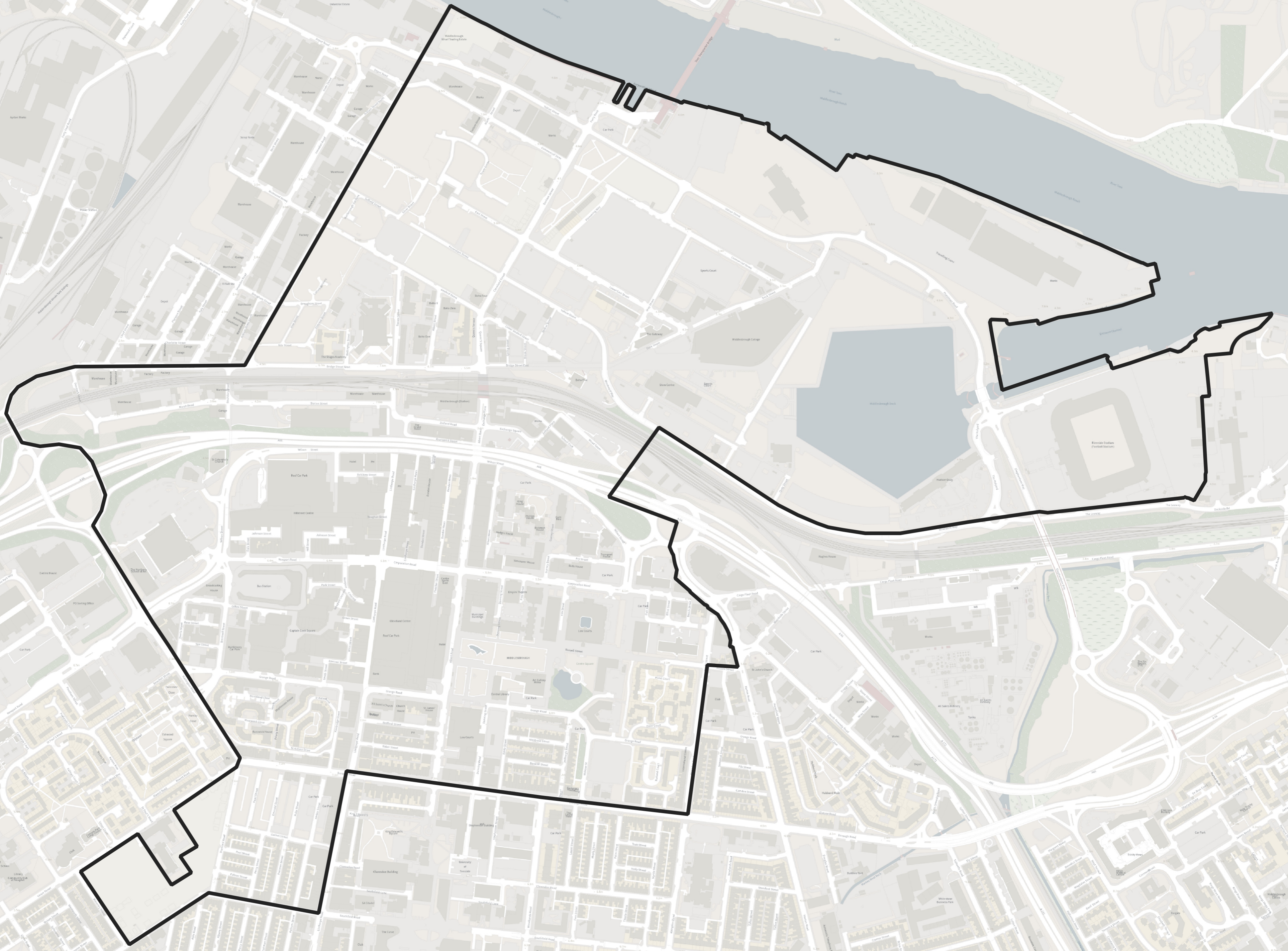
Map referred to by The Middlesbrough Development Corporation (Establishment and Functions) Order 2023

Map referred to by The Middlesbrough Development Corporation (Establishment and Functions) Order 2023. Signed by a member of the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities Senior Civil Service.

Signature

Date 6 February 2023

 Middlesbrough Development Corporation Boundary



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Middlesbrough Development Corporation

Draft Constitution as at 13th Feb 2023

Version 1.1

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Document Version Control

Document Title	Date Approved by Board	Replaces Version	In force from:
Constitution Version 1	TBD	NA	TBD
MBC amends prior to agreeing/consenting of the MDC			
TVCA updated version			

Introduction

1. Middlesbrough Development Corporation (the “**Corporation**”) is the Mayoral Development Corporation responsible for the agreed development and regeneration functions limited to the specified area of land at Middlesbrough as outlined at appendix 1
 1. The Corporation has been established pursuant to the powers devolved to the Tees Valley Mayor (TVCA Mayor) under the Tees Valley Combined Authority (Functions) Order 2017. This Constitution reflects this statutory framework and constitutes a direction to the Corporation pursuant to s220 Localism Act 2011.
 2. This Constitution takes effect when the required statutory arrangements are enacted.

Objectives

3. The overriding objectives of the Corporation are:
 - a. To further the economic development and regeneration of the Middlesbrough area, so that Middlesbrough continues to be a major contributor to the Tees Valley economy and the delivery of the Tees Valley’s Strategic Economic Plan;
 - b. To assist in attracting private sector investment and secure additional jobs, accessible to the people of the Tees Valley;
 - c. To transform and improve the environment of the Corporation area, providing good quality commercial, leisure and housing facilities for the benefit of the people of Middlesbrough.
4. In support of these overriding objectives, the Corporation will work collaboratively with the Tees Valley Combined Authority, Middlesbrough Council and other partners to contribute positively to local and Tees Valley-wide initiatives on skills, job opportunities for local people inward investment, transport, sustainable development, culture and tourism and where possible seek to compliment existing activity
5. To support the achievement of its overriding objectives, the Corporation will develop, a Master Plan, setting out how its objectives will be secured by the development of land and infrastructure within its area of responsibility.

Boundary

6. The precise area covered by the Corporation (the “Site”) is shown at Appendix A.

The Board

7. Save for as detailed in paragraphs 8 and 9 below, the Board of the Corporation shall be appointed by the Combined authority, following a proposal put to it by the TVCA Mayor.
8. The Chair shall be the Tees Valley Combined Authority Mayor or other Board members nominated by him/her
9. The Elected Mayor of Middlesbrough Council (MBC Mayor) shall be the Vice Chair of the Corporation Board .
10. .
11. With the exception of the TVCA Mayor and Vice Chair , all Board members will serve for a period of 2 years or until the Annual General Meeting following a Mayoral Election but may be reappointed if so proposed by the TVCA Mayor.
12. There shall be a minimum of 6 (this being 5 Board members plus the TVCA Mayor) and a maximum of 8 Board Members in total. The Board shall always include at least one elected member of Middlesbrough Council
13. A Board member may resign by serving notice on the TVCA Mayor
14. Any Board member may be removed by the TVCA Mayor, where there is due cause to do so in accordance with Schedule 21(5) Localism Act 2011,.
15. All decisions of the Corporation, unless otherwise delegated, shall be taken by the Board in accordance with the arrangements set out in this Constitution. The Board shall seek consensus on all matters, but where consensus cannot be achieved decisions shall be made by majority vote, Each member of the Board shall have one vote. The Chair shall not have a second or casting vote. If the vote is tied, it shall be deemed not to have been carried.
16. The Corporation may decide on its own procedure, and the procedure of any of its Boards, or workstreams established by the Board.
17. The quorum shall be half of the members in office, to include the TVCA Mayor The quorum must
 - a. Include at least one Member who is a representative of TVCA and or the TVCA Mayor
 - b. Include at least one Member who is an elected Member of Middlesbrough Council

18. The Group Chief Executive of the Combined Authority shall be appointed as an Associate Member, with the right to participate fully in Board discussions and to receive all papers but not vote.
19. The Corporation shall hold an Annual Meeting to consider any amendments to its procedures, to recommend any changes to this Constitution to the Combined Authority, except those amendments set out at paragraph 47, and to make appointments to Committee roles.
20. The Chief Executive of Middlesbrough Council shall be appointed as an associate member of the board, with the right to fully participate in board discussions, whether confidential or not, and to receive all board papers no less than 5 days before a meeting of the board.
21. The Chair and Vice Chair may each nominate another member as a Substitute Member, with the authority to act in place of the Chair or Vice Chair

The Statutory Officers

22. The ~~Combined Authority~~ Group Chief Executive will serve as Head of Paid Service with overall responsibility for the Corporation's operations and staff, and to act as lead adviser to the Board.
23. The Group Director of Finance & Resources of the Combined Authority (the "Group Director of Finance") shall fulfil the role of Group Director of Finance & Resources of the Corporation. The powers of the Group Director of Finance & Resources are set out in this Constitution and Statute. The Group Director of Finance & Resources shall oversee the interface between the financial responsibilities of the Combined Authority and the Corporation, to ensure the financial integrity of both organisations.
24. The Group Chief Legal Officer is the Monitoring Officer to the Combined Authority (the "**Monitoring Officer**") and the Corporation. In the event of a conflict of interest the Deputy Monitoring Officer of the Combined authority will intercede

Powers of the Corporation

25. Subject to Legislation and this Constitution, the Corporation may do anything it considers appropriate for the purposes of delivering the overriding objectives within the designated area.
26. The Corporation has a number of specific powers from the Localism Act, as set out below in this section. All of the powers are subject to the overriding objectives set out in paragraph 4, and the provisions of this Constitution, and are summarised as:

- a. Powers in relation to infrastructure
 - i. This includes the power to provide, or facilitate the provision of infrastructure.

- b. Powers in relation to land
 - i. The power to regenerate or develop land.
 - ii. To bring about the more effective use of land.
 - iii. To provide buildings or other land.
 - iv. To acquire, hold, improve, manage, reclaim, repair or dispose of land, buildings, plant, machinery, equipment or other property.
 - v. To carry out building or other operations, including demolishing buildings.

- c. Powers to acquire land
 - i. To acquire land in its area or elsewhere, in accordance with the provisions of the Localism Act 2011.

- d. Powers in relation to acquired land
 - i. To override easements
 - ii. To extinguish public rights of way (with the consent of the Secretary of State)

- e. Powers in relation to businesses and companies
 - i. To carry on any business.
 - ii. To form or acquire interests in any business or company.

- f. Financial assistance powers
 - i. To provide financial assistance to any person.
This may be given in any form, including grants, loans, guarantees, investments, or the incurring of expenditure for the benefit of the person assisted.

- g. Powers in relation to discretionary relief from non-domestic rates
 - i. To determine the amount of discretionary rate relief from non-domestic rates (i.e. business rates).

- h. Powers in relation to Planning
 - i. To be the local planning authority, for the purposes of
 - Part 3 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990,
 - Part 2 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004, and
 - Part 3 of that Act.
 - ii. To have the functions conferred on the local planning authority by the provisions mentioned in Part 1 of Schedule 29 to the Local Government, Planning and Land Act 1980.

- iii. To have, the functions conferred on the relevant planning authority by Schedule 8 to the Electricity Act 1989 so far as applying to applications for consent under section 37 of that Act.
 - iv. The provisions specified in Part 2 of Schedule 29 to the Local Government, Planning and Land Act 1980 are to have effect, in relation to land and to the MDC, subject to the modifications specified in that Part of that Schedule.
27. The MDC can request at any time that the powers it holds in respect of Planning be exercised by Middlesbrough Council and may at any time require that any powers so passed be returned to it with 2 months notice if the said power relates to overall planning powers for all matters. If the planning power relates to minor planning applications the MDC can request that Middlesbrough Council take responsibility with immediate effect.

Middlesbrough Council shall continue to be the billing and collecting authority for non-domestic rates for existing operations

Decision Making

28. The Corporation must not make any decision which imposes a financial or other liability on Tees Valley Combined Authority or Middlesbrough Council.
29. Decisions will be published
30. The Statutory Officers shall advise the Board when a decision which would be prohibited by [paragraph 30]
31. Where the Board identifies a significant risk of breaching paragraph [30], it shall recommend to the Board that in their view this gives rise to Breach.
32. A decision by the Corporation to exercise powers in relation to discretionary relief from non-domestic rates which has an adverse financial impact upon Middlesbrough Council must also be approved by an elected member of Middlesbrough Council

Reporting

33. As soon as reasonably practicable after the end of each financial year, the Corporation must prepare an annual report on how it has exercised its functions during the year, including a copy of its audited statement of accounts for that year, and send that report to the Combined Authority's Cabinet, Overview and Scrutiny Committee, Audit and Governance Committee. The "financial year" shall mean a period of 12 months ending with 31st March.
34. The Corporation's officers shall respond promptly to requests from the Group Director of Finance & Resources, and follow any advice and actions required in a timely manner. The Corporation shall make available any financial information reasonably requested from the Combined Authority, or from Finance Directors of the Combined Authority's constituent councils.

Committees

35. In addition to the Group Audit & Risk committee the Corporation may establish committees of the Board.
36. A workstream may, with agreement of the Board, include persons who are not members of the Corporation. The work of these workstreams, or any recommendations made by them, will be reported back to the Board as part of the Group Chief Executive's standing update or by additional report as appropriate
37. The Board must approve the Terms of Reference of any such committee

Audit and Risk Committee

38. The Corporation shall establish an Audit Committee. The TVCA Mayor, with agreement of the Combined Authority shall appoint a Chair of the Audit Committee. The other members of the Audit Committee shall be appointed by the Board.

Delegations

39. The Corporation may delegate any of its functions to any of its members, committees, or staff.
40. A Committee of the Corporation may delegate any function conferred on it to any member of the Corporation, any sub-committee of the Committee, or any of the Corporation's staff.
41. The Corporation shall establish:
 - a. A Scheme of Delegation to include appropriate financial limits;
 - b. Procurement Policy which accords with the Public Contract Regulations 2015;
 - c. Financial Procedure Rules including provision for setting an annual budget;
 - d. A Code of Conduct together with a register of interests;
 - e. Provisions relating to the resolution of conflict of interests;
 - f. Access to information procedure rules.

Amending the Constitution

42. This Constitution is a living document and shall be amended as the Corporation progresses. Authority is delegated to the Monitoring Officer of the Combined Authority, in consultation with the Group Chief Executive of the Combined Authority, to make amendments to the Constitution to reflect organisational or legislative changes, or to make any minor textual or grammatical corrections. Any other amendments which impact upon the scope of the Corporation, shall be agreed by the MDC Board

Review of the Corporation:

Records

43. In the event of the dissolution of the Corporation, all records will be held by the Council.

All sites and rights held by the Corporation will revert to the Council, unless the Secretary of State for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities determines otherwise. The Corporation, Council and Combined Authority agree to collaborate in the lead up to the End Date (this being the final day of operation for the Corporation) to ensure a smooth transfer of functions. In the event of dissolution, the Council will give the Corporation full and unvetted access to the records.

Appendix 1 – Plan of the area of responsibility of the Middlesbrough Development Corporation

INSERT

Appendix I

RULES OF PROCEDURE

1. Interpretation

- 1.1 The Middlesbrough Development Corporation is referred to as the "**Development Corporation**" in these rules.
- 1.2 These rules apply to meetings of the Development Corporation Board ("**Board**") and where appropriate to the meetings of the audit committee and workstreams established by the Board. in the event of conflict between these rules and the constitution, the rules shall have effect
- 1.3 References in these Rules to the "Chair" mean the Member for the time being presiding at the meeting of the Board, and at a meeting of the Audit Committee or other workstream established by the Board.
- 1.4 These Rules shall be read in conjunction with other parts of the Constitution
- 1.5 These Rules are subject to any statute or other enactment whether passed before or after these Rules came into effect.

2. Annual meeting of the Development Corporation Board

- 2.1 The Annual Meeting will:
 - (a) confirm the TVCA Mayor as the person who is to preside at meetings;
 - (b) approve the Members of the Development Corporation; agree the portfolio responsibilities of each of the members and any functions delegated to them;
 - (c) confirm MBC Mayor as the Vice Chair(s);
 - (d) approve the minutes of the last meeting;
 - (e) receive any declarations of interest from Members;
 - (f) receive any announcements from the TVCA Mayor and/or the Group Chief Executive;
 - (g) consider any recommendations from the Audit Committee;
 - (h) appoint the Group Audit Committee;
 - (i) appoint such other workstreams as the Development Corporation considers appropriate;
 - (j) appoint the membership of the workstreams referred to in the preceding sub-paragraphs after:
 - (i) deciding the number of members to be appointed to each workstream and their term of office;

- (k) appoint the Chair and Vice-Chair of the Audit Committee, after considering any proposal put to them by the Committee.
- (l) appoint the Chair and Vice-Chair of the workstreams referred to in the preceding subparagraphs;
- (m) appoint to outside bodies;
- (n) agree the officer scheme of delegation;
- (o) consider amendments to the Development Corporation's procedure rules, as appropriate;
- (p) approve the Development Corporation's allowances scheme;
- (q) decide the date and time for the ordinary meetings of the Development Corporation Board;
- (r) consider any other business set out in the agenda for the meeting.

3. Ordinary Meetings of the Development Corporation Board

3.1 At an ordinary meeting of the Development Corporation, the Board will:

- (a) approve the minutes of the last meeting;
- (b) receive any declarations of interest from Members;
- (c) receive any announcements from the TVCA Mayor and/or the Group Chief Executive including those relating to the work or recommendations of any workstreams established by the Board;
- (d) deal with any business from the last ordinary meeting;
- (e) receive reports from the Audit Committee or where appropriate any workstream established by the Board;
- (f) consider any other business specified in the agenda for the meeting. Extraordinary Meetings of the Development Corporation Board

4. Admission of the Public

4.1 All meetings of the Board and Audit Committee shall be open to the public, except to the extent that they are excluded whether during the whole or part of the proceedings either:

In accordance with Section 100A(2) of the 1972 Act; or

By resolution passed to exclude the public on the grounds that it is likely, in view of the nature of the business, that if the public were present there would be disclosure to them of exempt information as defined in Section 101 of the 1972

Act. Any such resolution shall identify the business or part of the business to which it applies and state the description, in terms of Schedule 12A to the 1972 Act of the exempt information giving rise to the exclusion of the public.

5. Notice of Meetings

- 5.1 At least five clear days before a meeting of the Board and the Audit Committee, notice of time and place of the intended meeting shall be published at the offices of the Corporation.
- 5.2 An invitation to attend the meeting, specifying an agenda for the meeting shall be left at, or sent by, electronic mail or post to all Development Corporation Members at their usual place of residence, or to such other place as may be requested by a Member.
- 5.3 Lack of an invitation to a Member shall not affect the validity of a meeting
- 5.4 Agendas and papers for Board meetings and meetings of the Group Audit & Risk Committee will be published on the Corporation website five clear days prior to the meeting date unless ruled commercially or operationally sensitive under Paragraphs 1 and 2 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972, with written agreement of the relevant Chair

6. Chair of Meeting

- 6.1 At a meeting, the Chair shall preside. If the Chair is absent, the Vice-Chair shall preside. If both the Chair and the Vice-Chair are absent, the Members present shall choose which Member is to preside at the meeting.
- 6.2 Any power or duty of the Chair in relation to the conduct of the meeting, may be exercised by the person presiding at the meeting.
- 6.3 The ruling of the Chair on the interpretation of these Rules in relation to all questions of order and matters arising in debate, shall be final.

7. Items of Business

- 7.1 No item of business may be considered at any meeting except:
 - the business set out in the agenda;
 - business required by law to be transacted at the annual meeting; or
 - business brought before the meeting by reason of special circumstances, which shall be specified in the minutes, and where the Chair of the meeting is of the opinion that the item should be considered at the meeting as a matter of urgency.
- 7.2 Any business raised under the agenda item any other business shall be for information only and not business requiring a decision, unless agreed by the Chair.

8. Order of Business

- 8.1 Items of business shall be dealt with in the order specified in the agenda for the meeting, except that such order may be varied at the discretion of the Chair, or on a

request agreed to by the meeting.

9. Order of Debate

- 9.1 The Chair will introduce each item and may invite a Member or Officer to present it.
- 9.2 Each Member, including Associate Members of the Development Corporation, shall be given an opportunity to speak on the matter and on any recommendations contained in the report.
- 9.3 The order in which anyone will be invited to speak will be decided by the Chair.
- 9.4 Members may speak more than once on the same item, with the agreement of the Chair.
- 9.5 Any Member, when speaking, may move that:
 - (a) an amendment be made to the recommendation(s); or
 - (b) that an item be withdrawn.
- 9.6 Any such motion, if seconded, shall either be agreed by consensus amongst those Members present, or be voted upon.
- 9.7 Subject to the outcome of any such motion, once each Member who wishes to speak has done so, the Chair shall move the item, which if seconded, shall again either be agreed by consensus or shall be voted upon.

10. Duration

- 10.1 At any meeting the Chair shall have discretion to adjourn the meeting for a short period of time unless the majority of Members present, by vote, determine it shall stand adjourned to another day, the date and time of which shall be determined by the Chair.

11. Minutes

- 11.1 The Chair will sign the minutes of the proceedings at the next suitable meeting. The Chair will move that the minutes of the previous meeting be signed as a correct record. Discussion of the minutes should be restricted to their accuracy.

12. Code of Conduct and Protocols

- 12.1 Members and Associate Members shall comply with the provisions of the Development Corporation's Code of Conduct for Members and of any other Codes or Protocols, approved by the Development Corporation Board, including those relating to registering and disclosing pecuniary and other interests.

Access to Information

- 12.2 In accordance with the Local Government Act 1972 as amended:
 - (a) All meetings of the Board and Audit Committee shall be open to the public

unless it is likely in view of the nature of the business to be transacted that either confidential information (as defined in section 100A(3) of the 1972 Act) or information falling within one of the categories of exempt information in Schedule 12A (as amended) of the 1972 Act would be disclosed.

- (b) Copies of the agenda, and reports open to the public will be available for public inspection at least five clear days before a meeting or where the meeting is convened at shorter notice from the time the meeting is convened. If an item is added to the agenda later, the revised agenda and any additional report will be open to inspection from the time it was added to the agenda. Copies of any agenda or reports need not, however, be open to inspection by the public until copies are available to members of the Corporation. In addition, an item of business may be considered urgently, whereby reason of special circumstances, which shall be specified in the minutes, the Chair is of the opinion that the item should be considered at the meeting, as a matter of urgency.
- (c) The Corporation will make available for public inspection for six years after a meeting the minutes of the meeting (but excluding any part of the minutes when the meeting was not open to the public or which disclose confidential or exempt information), a summary of any proceedings not open to the public where the minutes open to inspection would not otherwise provide a reasonably fair and coherent record, and the agenda for the meeting and reports relating to items when the meeting was open to the public.
- (d) The author of any report will set out in it a list of those documents (called background papers) relating to the report which in his/her opinion disclose any facts or matters on which the report is based and which have been relied on to a material extent in preparing the report (except for documents which are published works or which disclose confidential or exempt information). Such background papers will remain available for public inspection for four years from the date of the meeting.
- (e) Where information is withheld under these provisions the fact must be made known to the member of the public concerned who shall be advised of the categories of information being withheld and the way in which the withholding of the information can be challenged.

13. Exclusion of Access by the Public to Meetings

13.1 (a) Confidential information – requirement to exclude public

The Public must be excluded from meetings whenever it is likely in view of the nature of the business to be transacted or the nature of the proceedings that confidential information would be disclosed.

Confidential information means information given to the Corporation, its Committees and Sub-Committees by a Government department on terms that forbid its public disclosure or information that cannot be publicly disclosed by reason of a Court Order or any enactment.

(b) Exempt information – discretion to exclude public

The public may be excluded from meetings wherever it is likely in view of the nature of the business to be transacted or the nature of the proceedings that exempt information would be disclosed.

Exempt information means information falling within the following categories (subject to any qualifications):

- (i) information relating to any individual;
 - (ii) information which is likely to reveal the identity of any individual;
 - (iii) information relating to the financial or business affairs of any particular person (including the authority holding that information);
 - (iv) information relating to any consultations or negotiations, or contemplated consultations or negotiations in connection with any labour relations matter arising between the Combined Authority, its Committees and Sub-Committees or a Minister of the Crown and employees of, or office holders under, the Combined Authority, its Committees and Sub-Committees;
 - (v) information in respect of which a claim to legal professional privilege could be maintained in legal proceedings;
 - (vi) information which reveals that the Combined Authority, its Committees and Sub-Committees proposes (a) to give under any enactment a notice under or by virtue of which requirements are imposed on a person; or (b) to make an order or direction under any enactment;
- (c) Exclusion of Access by the public to reports

If the Proper Officer considers it appropriate, the Corporation and the Group Audit & Risk Committee may exclude access by the public to reports which in the Proper Officer's opinion relate to items during which the meeting is likely not to be open to the public. Such reports will be marked "Not for Publication" together with the category of information likely to be disclosed.

14. Reporting of Proceedings

- 14.1 Without prejudice to the Chair's powers in procedure rule 5.3, and subject to procedure rules 17.1 and 17.2, while any meeting of the Corporation is open to the public any person attending the meeting may report on the meeting, and publish or disseminate any recording at the time of the meeting or after the meeting.
- 14.2 The Chair may decide not to permit oral reporting or oral commentary of the meeting as it takes place, if the person reporting or providing the commentary is present at the meeting.
- 14.3 Where the public are excluded from a meeting in order to prevent the likely disclosure of confidential or exempt information, the chair may also prevent any person from reporting on that meeting employing methods which can be used without that person's

presence at the meeting, and which enable persons not at the meeting to see or hear the proceedings at the meeting, as it takes place or later.

15. General Disturbance

- 15.1 If a general disturbance makes orderly business impossible, the Chair may:
- adjourn the meeting for as long as the Chair considers necessary.
 - call for any part of the meeting room open to the public, to be cleared, if the disturbance is in that part.
- 15.2 If a member of the public interrupts proceedings, the Chair shall warn the person concerned. If they continue to interrupt, the Chair may order them to be removed from the meeting room.
- 15.3 If the Chair considers at any meeting that a Member is behaving improperly or offensively, or is deliberately obstructing business, the Chair may move that the Member should not be heard further. If seconded, the motion shall be voted upon without discussion.
- 15.4 If the Member continues to behave in the same way, the Chair may:
- (a) adjourn the meeting for a specified period; and/or
 - (b) move that the Member leaves the meeting (if seconded such a motion will be voted on without discussion).

16. The Forward Plan

- 16.1 Forward Plans for the Corporation will be prepared to cover a period of four months. The Plans will be updated on a monthly basis.

Contents of the Plan

- 16.2 The Forward Plan will contain details of key decisions which relate to the discharge of Corporation functions and which are proposed to be taken during the period covered by the Forward Plan. The details relating to these key decisions, insofar as they are available or might reasonably be obtained, will be as follows:
- the matter in respect of which a key decision is to be taken;
 - the decision maker's name and title, if any;
 - the date on which, or the period within which the decision is to be made;
 - a list of documents submitted to the decision maker for consideration in relation to the matter, in respect of which the decision is to be taken;
 - the address from which, subject to any prohibition or restriction on their disclosure, copies of or extracts from any document listed, is available;
 - that other documents relevant to the matter may be submitted to the decision maker; and
 - the procedure for requesting details of those documents (if any) as they become available.

- 16.3 For the purposes of the Forward Plan, a “key decision” means a decision of a decision maker, which in the view is likely to result in the Combined Authority or the TVCA Mayor incurring significant expenditure, or making significant savings, having regard to the Combined Authority’s budget for the service or function to which the decision relates; or to be

17. Publication of the Forward Plan

- 17.1 The Forward Plan will be published at least 28 days before the start of the period covered in the Plan.
- 17.2 It will be published on the Combined Authority’s website and made available for inspection by the public at the Combined Authority’s offices. Exempt information need not be included in the Forward Plan and confidential information cannot be included.

18. Urgent Decisions

- 18.1 Where a decision needs to be taken urgently and it is not practical to convene a quorate meeting of the Board or relevant committee or subcommittee of the Development Corporation, the Group Chief Executive, in consultation with the Chair (or in their absence the Vice Chair) of the Board or relevant committee or subcommittee, the Group Director of Finance and Resources and the Monitoring Officer, has the authority to take an urgent decision.
- 18.2 An urgent decision is one which, in the opinion of the TVCA Mayor and the Chief Executive of TVCA, in consultation with the TVCA Monitoring Officer, cannot reasonably await the assembly of a board meeting before it is taken.
- 18.3 The Monitoring Officer will maintain a record of all ‘urgent’ decisions and submit a report on these decisions to the board at the next meeting of the board and a report of all urgent decisions must be presented at least annually to TVCA Cabinet. The report will include a summary of the subject matter of the decisions taken.

19. 20. Confirmatory or minor decisions in writing

- 19.1 Where a decision of a minor or confirmatory nature (for example to confirm of the decisions of an unexpectedly inquorate meeting) the chair of the Board or relevant committee or subcommittee of the Development Corporation may request that confirmation of such a decision be made in writing. A written confirmation of the decision by each member of Board, the committee or subcommittee shall be treated as a decision of that body when it is signed by the Chair of the body, who shall have authority to confirm that decision.
- 19.2 The Monitoring Officer will maintain a record of all written records of decisions and report them to the next meeting of the relevant body and submit a report on these decisions at least annually to the Board. The report will include a summary of the subject matter of the decisions taken by this method.

21. Officers’ Interests

- 19.3 If it comes to an Officer's knowledge that a contract in which the Officer has a pecuniary interest, whether direct or indirect, has been, or is proposed to be entered into by the Development Corporation, the Officer shall as soon as reasonably practicable give notice in writing to the Monitoring Officer of the fact that he/she has such an interest.
- 19.4 An Officer shall be treated as having an indirect pecuniary interest in a contract if he/she would have been so treated by virtue of Section 95 of the Local Government Act 1972 had he/she been a member of the Development Corporation, i.e. the other party to the contract is a company or other person or body (other than a public body) of which the Officer or his/her spouse/partner is a member or employee or partner.
- 19.5 The Monitoring Officer will keep a record of any such notices/interests and the record shall be open for inspection by any Member of the Development Corporation at its offices.

20. Sealing of Documents

- 20.1 A decision of the Board or the Mayor (or of a joint committee, committee, subcommittee, person or persons to whom the Cabinet has delegated its powers and duties) shall be sufficient authority for the signing or sealing of any document necessary to give effect to the decision. The Common Seal will be affixed to those documents which in the opinion of the Monitoring Officer should be sealed.
- 20.2 22.2 The Common Seal of the Development Corporation shall be kept in a safe place in the custody of the Monitoring Officer and the affixing of the Common Seal shall be attested by the Monitoring Officer or other person nominated by him/her, unless any enactment otherwise authorises or requires, or the Corporation has given requisite authority to some other person (See authority of the Group Chief Executive in accordance with delegation CEO8 (Appendix IV)).

21. Authentication of documents

- 21.1 23.1 Where any document is necessary for any legal procedure or proceedings on behalf of the Development Corporation it will be signed by the Monitoring Officer or other person nominated by him or her, unless any enactment otherwise authorises or requires, or the Corporation has given requisite authority to some other person.

22. Committees

- 22.1 24.1 The Board shall at its Annual Meeting each year appoint such committees as are required to be appointed by or under any statute, and may at any time appoint such other joint committees, committees or sub-committees as are necessary to carry out the work of the Corporation but, subject to any statutory provision, may at any time dissolve a joint committee, committee, sub-committee or alter its membership;
- 22.2 24.2 No joint committee, committee or sub-committee shall continue in office longer than the next Annual Meeting.
- 22.3 24.3 These procedure rules shall, with any necessary modifications, apply to meetings of committees and sub-committees of the Board. Save where it is otherwise stipulated elsewhere in this Constitution or in legislation, decisions of the committees and subcommittees of the Development Corporation shall be made by way of a simple

majority of the Members present and voting, and the Chair shall have not have a second or casting vote.

23. Attendance

- 23.1 25.1 The Monitoring Officer shall record the attendance of each Member at each meeting of the Board and committees and subcommittees of the Development Corporation, and it shall be the responsibility of each Member to sign such a record, if requested.

24. Failure to attend Meetings

- 24.1 Subject to the exceptions prescribed by statute, if a Member of the Development Corporation fails throughout a period of twelve consecutive months to attend any meeting of the Board or the joint committees, committees or subcommittees of the Development Corporation to which they have been appointed, he/she shall (unless the failure to attend was due to a reason approved by the Board before the end of that period), cease to be a Member of the Development Corporation. For the purpose of this provision, the period of failure to attend shall date from the first meeting which the Member could have attended as a Member.

25. Resignation

- 25.1 A person appointed as a Member of the Development Corporation may at any time resign his/her office by a notice of resignation in writing signed by him/her and delivered to the Monitoring Officer and the Chair or Vice Chair of the committee that appointed him/her, as the case may be.

26. Members' Allowances

- 26.1 The Development Corporation may pay travel and subsistence allowances to its Members in accordance with a scheme drawn up and approved by the Board.
- 26.2 The Development Corporation may pay allowances to eligible members, in accordance with recommendations made by the Tees Valley Combined Authority's Independent Remuneration Panel contained in a report submitted by the panel to the Tees Valley Combined Authority Cabinet.

Appendix III

CODES OF CONDUCT

PREAMBLE

FOR INFORMATION ONLY GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF CONDUCT

Preamble

The principles of public life apply to anyone who works as a public office-holder. This includes all those who are elected or appointed to public office, nationally and locally and all people appointed to work in the civil service, local government, the police, courts and probation services, NDPBs and in the health, education, social and care services. All public office-holders are both servants of the public and stewards of public resources. The principles also have application to all those in other sectors delivering public services.

Selflessness

Holders of public office should act solely in terms of the public interest.

Honesty and Integrity

Holders of public office should be truthful and should avoid placing themselves under any obligation to people or organisations that might try inappropriately to influence them in their work. They should not act or take decisions in order to gain financial or other material benefits for themselves, their family or their friends. They must declare and resolve any interests and relationships.

Objectivity

Holders of public office must act and take decisions impartially, fairly on merit, using best evidence and without discrimination or bias.

Accountability

Holders of public office are accountable to the public for their decisions and actions and must submit themselves to the scrutiny necessary to ensure this.

Openness

Holders of public office should act and take decisions in an open and transparent manner. Information should not be withheld from the public unless there are clear and lawful reasons for so doing.

Personal Judgement

Members may take account of the views of others, including their political groups, but should reach their own conclusions on the issues before them and act in accordance with those conclusions.

Respect for Others

Members should promote equality by not discriminating unlawfully against any person and by treating people with respect, regardless of their race, age, religion, gender, sexual orientation or disability. They should respect the impartiality and integrity of the Development Corporation's Statutory Officers and its other employees.

Duty to Uphold the Law

Members should uphold the law and, on all occasions, act in accordance with the trust that the public is entitled to place in them.

Stewardship

Members should do whatever they are able to do to ensure that their authorities use their resources prudently and in accordance with the law.

Leadership

Holders of public office should exhibit these principles in their own behavior. They should actively promote and robustly support the principles and be willing to change poor behavior wherever it occurs.

NOTE: THIS PREAMBLE AND THE GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF CONDUCT SPECIFIED WITHIN IT ARE FOR INFORMATION ONLY, AND THEY DO NOT FORM A PART OF THE DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION'S CODE FOR ENFORCEMENT PURPOSES.

MIDDLESBROUGH DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
(THE “DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION”)
CODE OF CONDUCT FOR MEMBERS AND OFFICERS

Members Code of Conduct

Part 1 General Provisions

Introduction and Interpretation

1. (1) This Code applies to **you** as a Member of the Development Corporation when you are acting in that capacity.
- (2) This Code is based upon and is intended to be consistent with the General Principles of Conduct specified in the preamble.
- (3) It is your responsibility to comply with the provisions of this Code.
- (4) This Code does not cover matters in respect of which the Secretary of State may under the Act specifically provide that criminal sanctions will apply.

Interpretation

2. (1) In this Code--
 - “the Act” means the Localism Act 2011
 - "meeting" means any meeting of:-
 - (a) the Development Corporation or the Development Corporation Board;
 - (b) the Development Corporation Group Audit & Risk Committee and any workstream established by the Board

“Member” includes the TVCA Mayor, elected and co-opted Members and Associate Members.

General Conduct

You must always comply with the law. If you are in any doubt as to whether your conduct has complied with the law, you should report this to the Monitoring Officer.

3. (1) You must treat others with respect.
- (2) You must not do anything which may cause the Development Corporation to breach any of the equality enactments (as defined in Section 33 of the Equality Act 2006).
- (3) You must not bully any person and you must not intimidate or attempt to intimidate any person who is involved in any complaint about any alleged breach of this Code.
- (4) You must not do anything which compromises or is likely to compromise the

impartiality of anyone who works for or on behalf of the Development Corporation.

- (5) You must not conduct yourself in a manner which could reasonably be regarded as bringing the Development Corporation, or your office as a Member of the Development Corporation, into disrepute.
 - (6) You must not use or attempt to use your position as a Member improperly to confer on or secure for yourself or any other person any advantage or disadvantage.
4. When using or authorising the use by others of the resources of the Development Corporation:-
- (1) You must act in accordance with the Development Corporation's reasonable requirements.
 - (2) You must ensure that such resources are not used improperly for political purposes (including party political purposes); and
 - (3) You must have regard to the Development Corporation's Transparency Code.
5. You must not prevent, or attempt to prevent, another person from gaining access to information to which they are entitled by law.
6. You must not disclose information which is given to you in confidence, or information acquired by you which you believe, or ought reasonably to be aware, is of a confidential nature, unless:-
- (a) you have the consent of a person authorised to give it; or
 - (b) you are required by law to do so; or
 - (c) the disclosure is made to a third party for the purpose of obtaining professional legal advice, provided that the third party agrees not to disclose the information to any other person; or
 - (d) the disclosure is reasonable, in the public interest, made in good faith, and made in compliance with the reasonable requirements of the Development Corporation.
7. Where you have been involved in the making of any decision or the taking of any action by the Development Corporation Board or Group Audit & Risk Committee, or recommendation made by any workstream established by the Board, you must not take part in that scrutiny process other than for the purpose of answering questions or giving evidence relating to the business.
8. (1) When making decisions on any matter you must have regard to any relevant advice provided to you by:
- (a) the Group Chief Executive; or
 - (b) the Group Director of Finance & Resources; or
 - (c) the Monitoring Officer,
- where that Officer is acting pursuant to his or her statutory duties.

- (2) You must give reasons for all decisions in accordance with any statutory requirements and any reasonable additional requirements imposed by the Development Corporation.

Part 2 Interests

Registration of Members' Interests

9. Subject to paragraph 12, you must register in Development Corporation's register of Members' interests ("Register") information about your personal interests. For the purposes of paragraphs 9 to 15 inclusively 'your personal interests' or 'personal interest' means:-
- (a) any 'disclosable pecuniary interest' (as specified at the Appendix to this Code or as defined by any statutory provisions in force from time to time under the Act) which you know about and which is held by
- you, or
 - your spouse or civil partner, a person with whom you are living as husband and wife, or a person with whom you are living as if you are civil partners; and
- (b) any other interests held by you as set out in paragraph 11.
10. You must register information about your personal interests by giving written notice to the Monitoring Officer, who maintains the Register, within 28 days of:-
- this Code being adopted by the Development Corporation;
 - your election or appointment as a Member of the Development Corporation; and of
 - becoming aware of any new interest or change to any registered interest.
11. You have a personal interest in any business of the Development Corporation and for the purposes of paragraph 9(b) where either it relates to or is likely to affect:-
- (a) any body of which you are a Member (or in a position of general control or management) and to which you are appointed or nominated by the Development Corporation;
- (b) any body which:-
- (i) exercises functions of a public nature or
 - (ii) is directed to charitable purposes or
 - (iii) one of whose principal purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party or trade union) of which you are a Member (or in a position of general control or management);

Sensitive Information

12. Where you think that disclosure of the details of any of your personal interests could lead to you, or a person connected with you, being subject to violence or intimidation, you may inform the Monitoring Officer; and if the Monitoring Officer agrees, a note will be made in the Register to the effect that you have a personal interest, details of which are withheld under Section 32 of the Act.

Declaration of Interests

13. Where you attend a meeting and you are, or ought reasonably to be, aware that any of your personal interests are relevant to an item of business which is being considered, then you must disclose to that meeting the existence and nature of that interest at the start of the consideration of that item of business, or when the interest becomes apparent, if later.
14. Where you have a personal interest in any business of the Development Corporation which relates to or is likely to affect a body of a type described in paragraph 11(a) and 11(b)(i), you need only disclose to the meeting the existence and nature of that interest when you address the meeting on that business.
15. Where you have a personal interest but, by virtue of paragraph 12, sensitive information relating to it is not registered in the Register, you must indicate to the meeting that you have a personal interest, but you need not disclose the sensitive information to the meeting.
16. Where you attend a meeting, and you are, or ought reasonably to be aware that a decision in relation to any item of business which is to be transacted might reasonably be regarded as affecting your well-being or financial position, or the well-being or financial position of a person described in paragraph 17, to a greater extent than most of the inhabitants of the area affected by the decision, then you must disclose to that meeting the existence and nature of that interest at the start of that item of business, or when the interest becomes apparent, if later.
17. The persons referred to in paragraph 16 are:-
 - (a) a Member of your family;
 - (b) any person with whom you have a close association;
 - (c) in relation to persons described in (a) and (b), their employer, any firm in which they are a partner, or a company of which they are a director;
 - (d) any person or body in whom persons described in (a) and (b) have a beneficial interest in a class of securities exceeding the nominal value of £25,000; or
 - (e) any body of a type described in paragraph 11 (a) and (b).

Non participation

18. Where you have a personal interest of the type described in paragraph 16 in any business of the Development Corporation, and the interest is one which a Member of the public with knowledge of the relevant facts would reasonably regard as so significant that it is likely to prejudice your judgement of the public interest and the business:-
 - (a) affects your financial position or the financial position of a person or body described in paragraph 17(a) to (e) inclusively; or
 - (b) relates to the determining of any approval, consent, licence, permission or registration in relation to you or any person or body referred to in the preceding sub-paragraph (a),then subject to paragraphs 19 and 20:-

- (a) you may not participate in any discussion of the matter at the meeting;
 - (b) you may not participate in any vote taken on the matter at the meeting;
 - (c) if the interest is not registered, you must disclose the interest to the meeting; and
 - (d) if the interest is not registered and is not the subject of a pending notification, you must notify the Monitoring Officer of the interest within 28 days.
19. Where you have an interest of the type described in paragraph 18 in any business of the Development Corporation, you may attend the meeting and make representations, answer questions or give evidence relating to that business before the business is considered and voted upon, provided the public are also allowed to attend the meeting for the same purpose, whether under a statutory right or otherwise.

Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

20. In addition to the requirements of the Act regarding the registration and declaration of a disclosable pecuniary interest, you must also comply with the statutory requirements relating to withdrawal from participating in any discussion or voting on any matter in which you have a disclosable pecuniary interest.

Requirement to leave a meeting room

21. You must comply with any procedural rule or standing order adopted by the Development Corporation which requires a Member to leave the room during any meeting at which a matter in which they have a disclosable pecuniary interest is being discussed.

Part 3

Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

1. The duties to register, disclose and not to participate in respect of any matter in which a Member has a disclosable pecuniary interest are set out in Chapter 7 of the Localism Act 2011.
2. Disclosable pecuniary interests are defined in the Relevant Authorities (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests) Regulations 2012 (SI 2012 No. 1464) as follows:-

For this purpose:-

“the Act” means the Localism Act 2011;

“body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest” means a firm in which the relevant person is a partner or a body corporate of which the relevant person is a director, or in the securities of which the relevant person has a beneficial interest;

“director” includes a member of the committee of management of an industrial and provident society; “land” excludes an easement, servitude, interest or right in or over land which does not carry with it a right for the relevant person (alone or jointly with another) to occupy the land or to receive income;

“M” means a member of a relevant

Authority; “Member” includes a co-opted

member;

“Development Corporation ” means the corporation of which M is a Member;

“relevant period” means the period of 12 months ending with the day on which M gives a notification for the purposes of section 30(1) or 31(7), as the case may be, of the Act;

“relevant person” means M or any other person referred to in section 30(3)(b) of the Act;

“securities” means shares, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock, bonds, units of a collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and other securities of any description, other than money deposited with a building society.

Interest

Employment, office,
trade,
profession or vocation

Prescribed Description

Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain.

Sponsorship	Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the Development Corporation) made or provided within the relevant period in respect of any expenses incurred by M in carrying out duties as a Member, or towards the election expenses of M. This includes any payment or financial benefits from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992).
Contracts	Any contract which is made between the relevant person (or a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest) and the Development Corporation:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and (b) which has not been fully discharged
Land	Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the Development Corporation.
Licenses	Any license (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the Development Corporation for a month or longer.
Corporate tenancies	Any tenancy where (to M's knowledge):- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the landlord is the Development Corporation; and (b) the tenant is a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest
Securities	Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) that body (to M's knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the Development Corporation; and (b) either – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or (ii) if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.

Officers' Code of Conduct

1. Purpose

- 1.1 This code sets out the standards of conduct that the Middlesbrough Development Corporation ("the Development Corporation") expects from its Officers. The aim is to promote high standards of conduct and to maintain public confidence in the Development Corporation and its services.

2. General Principles

- 2.1 The public is entitled to expect the highest standards of conduct from all Officers. The role of Officers is to represent the Development Corporation in delivering services to the local community. Officers must perform their duties to the best of their abilities with honesty, integrity, impartiality and objectivity and contribute to the maintenance of high standards in public service. Officers must at all times act in accordance with the trust that the public is entitled to place in them.
- 2.2 This code should be read in conjunction with the Development Corporation's Constitution and other relevant Policies and Procedures.

3. Gifts and Hospitality

- 3.1 All offers of gifts or hospitality should be treated with caution. Where a gift or hospitality could be perceived as an inducement or reward for performing Development Corporation duties, or where acceptance of the gift or hospitality could be open to misinterpretation, Officers should tactfully but firmly refuse the offer.
- 3.2 Gifts of a promotional nature, e.g. calendars, diaries and pens which are of a low monetary value i.e. less than £25 may be accepted.
- 3.3 All offers of gifts and hospitality of £25 or more in value, including any offers of sponsorship for training or development, whether or not they are accepted, must be recorded promptly (and no later than 28 days from the date of the offer) in a register held by the Senior Administrator.
- 3.4 It is a criminal offence under the Bribery Act 2010 to accept a bribe or to bribe another person. The offence of being bribed will occur where an employee agrees to receive or accepts an advantage (for their own or another's benefit and whether or not he or she actually receives it), in order to carry out the improper performance of a Development Corporation function, or where the advantage may be a reward for already having performed the function improperly.
- 3.5 The offence of bribing another person occurs where an employee offers, promises or gives a financial or other advantage to another person, with the intention that this will induce that person to improperly perform a function or activity, or in order to reward that person for the improper performance of such a function or activity.
- 3.6 Guidance on the Bribery Act indicates that bona fide hospitality and promotional, or other business expenditure which seeks to improve the image of a commercial organisation, better to present products and services, or to establish cordial relations, is recognised as an

established and important part of doing business and it is not the intention of the Act to criminalise such behaviour of Officers are in any doubt about the acceptance of a gift or hospitality they should inform the Monitoring Officer in advance (where feasible) and seek advice. Where an employee receives an unsolicited gift or believes that a person is otherwise attempting to influence him or her, the Monitoring Officer should be informed immediately.

- 3.7 Particular care should be taken by Officers concerned with purchasing the award of official contracts or the allocation of grant monies. An Officer who knowingly accepts a gift or favour from a contractor or other person providing services to or seeking services or funding from the Development Corporation may put themselves at risk of a disciplinary investigation. Failure to record offers of gifts and hospitality may also be the subject of investigation by managers.

4. Confidential Information

- 4.1 Officers should treat all information they receive in the course of their employment as confidential to the Development Corporation. Officers must not use information in the Development Corporation's possession to further their private interests or those of their relations and friends. Deliberate exploitation of confidential information for personal gain may result in disciplinary action, including dismissal.
- 4.2 Officers are only permitted to disclose confidential information where it is required by law or where the Development Corporation has agreed to make the information available to the public. Where Officers are in any doubt as to whether they are permitted to release information they must consult their Manager before any disclosure is made.

5. Officer Interests

- 5.1 Officers must disclose any personal conflicts of interest and must not involve themselves in any decisions or matters where their actions could be perceived as biased. A personal conflict may arise where an Officer provides consultancy services in a private capacity which conflict with or are of a similar nature to the Development Corporation's services, or which may result in a reduction of the Development Corporation's services. Another example is where an employee, acting in a private capacity, causes conflict with a service provided by the Development Corporation to a service user.
- 5.2 Officers interests in contracts must be disclosed in writing where Officers have any financial interest, direct or indirect, in any contract which the Development Corporation has entered into or is proposing to enter into, or any application by the Development Corporation for a licence, consent or permission. Officers are also required to identify a partner, relative or close associate who might have a legitimate interest in Development Corporation contracts or services.
- 5.3 Officers must also disclose in writing any interests where they are involved as either as an individual or as a partner in a business or as a Director of a Company or where they have a substantial shareholding in a public or private company which regularly has dealings with the Development Corporation. For this purpose, "substantial" can be defined as more than £5,000 nominal value or 1/100th of the nominal value of the company whichever is the lower. Friendship or membership of an association or society could also influence an Officer's judgements and should be treated in the same way.
- 5.4 If Officers are in any doubt as to what interests they need to declare they should seek guidance from the Monitoring Officer. Failure by Officers to declare interests in contracts or

companies is a criminal offence. Failure to disclose a conflict of interest may result in disciplinary action.

6. Public Office

- 6.1 Officers who wish to seek public office in a Local Authority other than that with whom they are employed or act for are not generally prevented from doing so unless they occupy politically restricted posts under the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 (“the 1989 Act”) but should discuss their intentions and the implications with the Monitoring Officer and seek legal advice.
- 6.2 Officers other than holders of politically restricted posts who become Councillors of other Local Authorities should ensure that their two capacities are kept separate. In particular, they should take care that they do not disclose or use for an unauthorised purpose confidential information which could benefit or cause harm either to the Authority represented or to the Development Corporation.

7. Political Activities

- 7.1 Political activities relate to standing for public elected office, engaging in party political debate in a personal capacity, by speaking or writing in public and canvassing at elections. The ability of Officers to engage in such activities is restricted if they occupy politically restricted posts, as defined by section 2 of the 1989 Act and specified in a list maintained by the Development Corporation as required by that Act.
- 7.2 An employee who proposes to engage in political activities should consider all aspects of this Code and ensure there is no conflict of interest between their duties as an employee and their political activities. Officers who regularly advise Members, regularly have contact with the public or media, or exercise delegated powers should take particular care when they propose to engage in political activities. They must in all cases consult their Manager.
- 7.3 Where Officers are required to advise Members they must do so in ways which do not compromise their political neutrality and must not allow their own personal or political opinion to influence or interfere with their work.

8. Recruitment and Employment

- 8.1 Officers involved in recruitment or decisions relating to discipline, promotion or grading must not be involved where they are related to an applicant or have a close association with an applicant or employee.
- 8.2 All Officers involved in recruitment and selection on behalf of the Development Corporation must be familiar with, and abide by, the Development Corporation’s recruitment policy and procedures.
- 8.3 Canvassing of Members of the Development Corporation relating to any employment matter including appointments, is strictly prohibited and may result in disciplinary action.

9. Sustainability Issues

- 9.1 Officers must be aware of their obligation towards improving the environment and in particular ensure the wider long-term implications of their actions are in accordance with Development

Corporation policy.

- 9.2 Officers are required to consider sustainability issues when undertaking their duties, including the procurement of goods and services. In particular they should seek opportunities to improve and promote energy conservation, advocate recycling and waste minimisation, reduce pollution and support Development Corporation initiatives to improve the environment.

10. Diversity

- 10.1 All Members of the local community, customers, contractors, Members and Officers have a right to be treated with fairness and dignity. All Officers are required to comply with the Development Corporation's diversity policies and in accordance with the legal requirements placed upon the Development Corporation.

11. Intellectual Property/Copyright/Lecture Fees

- 11.1 All creative designs, writings and drawings produced by Officers in the course of their duties are the property of the Development Corporation.
- 11.2 All inventions made by Officers remain the property of the Development Corporation if made during the course of their duties. The duties are described in the Officers terms of employment, job description and those arising from an instruction from a manager or other authorised officer of the Development Corporation.
- 11.3 Fees for giving lectures or writing articles may only be retained by Officers where these activities are not integral to their employment or position with the Development Corporation and they are conducted in the Officers own time.
- 11.4 Where Officers are interviewed by the media or agree to give lectures in connection with their official duties the Development Corporation's Head of Communications and Marketing must be consulted on any intended lecture or publication in the press or other media which is connected to their official duties and prior consent of their line manager must be obtained.
- 11.5 Officers should take care when expressing their personal views publicly that they do not undermine confidence in their objectivity in the performance of their duties.

12. Use of the Development Corporation's Facilities

- 12.1 Officers must ensure that they use public funds entrusted to them in a responsible and lawful manner. They should strive to ensure value for money to the local community and to avoid legal challenge to the Development Corporation.
- 12.2 The Development Corporation's resources should be used solely in respect of its business. No improper use must be made of premises, vehicles, equipment, stationery or services. A reasonable amount of personal use of ICT and telephone facilities may be made but is subject to any Development Corporation ICT protocols and any arrangements for the payment of personal telephone calls.

13. Performance of Duties

- 13.1 Officers are required to observe agreed working procedures, operational regulations, health and safety rules, regulations, professional codes of practice and the provisions of the

Development

Corporation's Constitution and to carry out reasonable and proper instructions in matters relating to their duties.

13.2 An Officer must not:-

- (a) Fail to discharge through carelessness, or neglect an obligation placed upon him/her by contract or by law;
- (b) Fail to report any matter which he/she is required to report;
- (c) Fail to wear safety clothing or footwear, or use safety equipment which has been issued as being necessary in the interests of health & safety or otherwise fail to have due regard to health & safety requirements.

13.3 Failure to observe the Officers Code of Conduct or any human resources policies and procedures (for instance relating to substance misuse, smoking or ICT protocols) or other Development Corporation policies, regulations or standards, may lead to disciplinary action in accordance with the Development Corporation's disciplinary procedures.

Part 4

Protocol on Member/Officer Relations

1. The Role and Purpose of the Protocol

- 1.1** The Middlesbrough Corporation (“the Development Corporation”) strives to carry out its duties and provide services in a way that is effective; efficient in terms of the resources deployed; and responsive to the views and wishes of the people that might be affected by what it does.
- 1.2** Above all, the Development Corporation operates with, and promotes high ethical values and standards in an environment which demands close and effective working relations between all Members and Officers without either seeking to take unfair advantage of their position. This is achieved by means of a culture of mutual respect, trust, courtesy, openness and understanding, in which Members and Officers feel free to speak to one another openly and honestly.
- 1.3** With this in mind, the purpose of this Protocol is not in any way to change that relationship, but to offer guidance to Members and Officers on their respective roles and their working relations with one another, in order to help them to perform more effectively and thereby to ensure the efficient and effective running of the corporation and the delivery of best value services to the local community.
- 1.4** The relations between Members and Officers are complex and varied. This Protocol does not therefore aim to be either prescriptive or comprehensive. It is intended simply to offer guidance on some of the issues which most commonly arise. It is hoped however that the approach which it adopts to these issues will serve as a reference document for dealing with other issues.
- 1.5** This Protocol relies to a large extent on current practice and convention. It does, however, attempt to promote greater clarity and certainty for the benefit of both Members and Officers.
- 1.6** The Protocol also seeks to reflect and bring together the principles underlying the respective Codes of Conduct which apply to Members and Officers. The shared objective of these Codes is to enhance and maintain the integrity (both real and perceived) of Development Corporations and those who work within them and to maintain the very high standards of personal conduct required of all who serve the public.
- 1.7** Development Corporations do not however operate in isolation. The Development Corporation always seeks to work in partnership with other local organisations and agencies and regional and national bodies to the greatest effect for the people of the area. Increasingly the Development Corporation’s Members and Officers are required to represent the Development Corporation on a variety of outside bodies and organisations with statutory and non-statutory links to the Development Corporation. Whilst the procedural aspects of the Protocol relate mainly to the Development Corporation, it is expected that Members and Officers representing the Corporation on outside bodies, continue to maintain the ethos of courtesy, respect and understanding advocated by this Protocol.
- 1.8** The Protocol must be read and operated in the context of all relevant legislation and national and local codes of conduct and the Development Corporation’s Policy on confidential

reporting. A copy of the Members' Code of Conduct and the Confidential Reporting Policy are reproduced in this part

of the Constitution. Advice and guidance in connection with the Code and Policy, together with this Protocol can be obtained from the Development Corporation's Monitoring Officer.

2. The Roles of Members and Officers

2.1 Members

The roles of Members of the Development Corporation and Officers employed by the Development Corporation are different, but complementary. Members and Officers are servants of the public and they are indispensable to one another, but their responsibilities are distinct. All Members, including the TVCA Mayor, serve only so long as their term of office lasts. Officers are responsible to their Corporation (the Development Corporation). Their job is to give advice to all Members including the TVCA Mayor, and to the Corporation, and to carry out the Corporation's work under the direction and control of the Corporation.

Mutual respect between Members and Officers is essential to good governance. Close personal familiarity between individual Members and Officers can change this relationship and prove embarrassing to the Members and Officers.

2.2 The five guiding principles to be followed are that the Development Corporation should be:

Transparent – to ensure that the public are clear about who is responsible for particular decisions.

Understandable – to ensure that the decision-making process is simple, clear and unambiguous to Members, Officers and the public.

Efficient – to enable swift and responsive action.

Accountable – to ensure that decisions are open to scrutiny by Members and by the public and that members of the public are able to measure the Development Corporation's actions against its agreed policies.

Providing Best Value - to promote continuous improvement within the Development Corporation and demonstrate Best Value in ensuring resources are directed appropriately.

2.3 Officers

Officers support and advise the Development Corporation, and the constituent parts of its decision-making processes; implement the Development Corporation's decisions and may themselves take decisions formally delegated to them through the approved Scheme of Delegation. All Officers are required to be politically neutral.

2.4 Both Officers and Members, including the TVCA Mayor, must comply in all respects and at all times with their respective Codes of Conduct, not only in their dealings with each other, but also when dealing with partners and the public.

2.5 In particular, it should be recognised that Members of the Development Corporation do not have any special immunity from civil or criminal wrongs that they may commit against fellow

Members, Officers or members of the public. Members must ensure that they do not, therefore, for example, slander or libel another person. During the course of their normal duties for the Development Corporation, Members will only have a qualified (and not an absolute) protection against prosecution or civil action.

- 2.6 Any member of the public (including Officers) can complain to the Development Corporation's Monitoring Officer about a Members' alleged breach of the Development Corporation's Code of Conduct for Members and/or bring private, civil action against a Member. The Auditor can also take legal action against an elected Member and the Development Corporation, as a whole, for any alleged breach of the law.
- 2.7 The Development Corporation has statutory duties with regard to equality issues and in accordance with Development Corporation's Code of Conduct for Members, Members must promote equality by not discriminating against others. Members and Officers should not, therefore, by their behaviour or speech act in a discriminatory way with regard to, for example, a person's age, gender, race, disability, religion, ethnicity, nationality or sexual orientation. Such principles will apply to the implementation of personnel policies, recruitment and promotion as they apply to day to day dealings with fellow human beings.

2.8 **Members' expectations**

Members can expect from Officers:-

- (a) A commitment to the Development Corporation as whole, and not to any particular political group.
- (b) A working partnership.
- (c) An understanding of and support for the respective roles, workloads and pressures.
- (d) Reasonable and timely response to enquiries and complaints.
- (e) Professional advice, not influenced by political views or preference, which does not compromise the political neutrality of Officers.
- (f) Regular, up to date information on matters that can reasonably be considered appropriate and relevant to their needs, having regard to any individual responsibilities that they have and positions that they hold.
- (g) Awareness of and sensitivity to the political environment.
- (h) Respect, dignity and courtesy and not acting in a discriminatory way through behaviour or speech.
- (i) That they have received relevant training and development in order to carry out their role effectively.
- (j) Integrity, mutual support and appropriate confidentiality
- (k) That employees will not use their relationship with Members to advance their personal interests or to influence decisions improperly.
- (l) That Officers will at all times comply with the relevant Code of Conduct.

- (m) Support for the role of Members as the local representatives of the Development Corporation, within the parameters of support approved by the Development Corporation.
- (n) That Officers will promote equality of opportunity in all Development Corporation matters.

2.9 Officers' Expectations

Officers can expect from Members:-

- (a) A working partnership.
- (b) An understanding of and support for the respective roles, workloads and pressures.
- (c) Leadership and direction.
- (d) Respect, dignity and courtesy and not acting in a discriminatory way through behaviour or speech.
- (e) Integrity, mutual support and appropriate confidentiality.
- (f) Not to be subject to bullying or harassment or to be put under undue pressure. Members should have regard to the seniority of Officers in determining what are reasonable requests, having regard to the relationship between Members and Officers, and the potential vulnerability of Officers, particularly at junior levels.
- (g) That Members will not use their position or relationship with Officers to advance their personal interests or those of others or to influence decisions improperly.
- (h) That Members will at all times comply with the Development Corporation's Members' Code of Conduct.
- (i) That Members will promote equality of opportunity in all Development Corporation matters.

2.10 Limitations Upon Behaviour

The distinct roles of Members and Officers necessarily impose limitations upon behaviour. By way of illustration, and not as an exclusive list:-

- (a) Close personal, as opposed to working, relationships between Members and Officers can confuse these separate roles and detrimentally affect the proper discharge of the Development Corporation's functions, not least by creating the perception in others that a particular Member or Officer may be securing advantageous treatment.
- (b) The need to maintain the separate roles means that there are limits to the matters on which Members may seek the advice of Officers, both in relation to personal matters and party political issues.
- (c) Relationships with a particular individual or party group should not be such as to create public suspicion that an employee favours that Member or group above others.

2.11 Grievances or

Complaints

Procedure for Officers

- (a) From time to time the relationship between Members and Officers may break down or become strained. Whilst it will always be preferable to resolve matters informally, through conciliation by an appropriate senior manager or Member, Officers will have recourse to a Policy and Procedure relating to grievances, where the matter concerns their employment or to the Development Corporation's Monitoring Officer, as appropriate to the circumstances. In the event of a grievance or complaint being upheld, the matter will be referred to the Group Chief Executive Officer who will decide on the course of action to be taken.

Procedure for Members

- (b) In the event that a Member is dissatisfied with the conduct, behaviour or performance of an Officer, he/she should not raise the matter in public or before the press, as Officers have no means of responding to the same in public. The matter should be raised with an appropriate Officer.

Part 5

Confidential Reporting Policy

This policy enables employees, and other persons working for the Middlesbrough Development Corporation (“the Development Corporation”) on Development Corporation premises, together with suppliers and those providing services under a contract with the Development Corporation to voice confidentially serious concerns over alleged malpractice and alleged wrongdoing within the Development Corporation.

Officers will be nominated for the purpose of dealing with concerns raised by employees or other persons under this policy.

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Employees/Officers are sometimes the first to realise that there may be something seriously wrong, but they may not express their concerns because they feel that speaking up would be disloyal to their colleagues or to the Development Corporation; or they may fear harassment, victimisation or other reprisals. In these circumstances it may be easier to ignore the concern rather than report what may be just a suspicion of malpractice.
- 1.2 The Development Corporation is committed to the highest possible standards in the delivery of its services, and for full accountability for those services. In line with that commitment employees are encouraged to come forward and voice any serious concerns they may have about the Development Corporation’s operations. It is recognised that certain matters will have to be dealt with on a confidential basis. This policy makes it clear that you can do so without fear of reprisals. This policy is intended to encourage and enable you to raise serious concerns within the Development Corporation rather than overlooking a problem or “blowing the whistle” outside.
- 1.3 The policy applies to all Officers, employees and any contractors working for the Development Corporation on Development Corporation premises. It also covers suppliers and those providing services under a contract with the Development Corporation in their own premises.

2. AIMS AND SCOPE OF THIS POLICY

- 2.1 This policy aims to:
 - (a) provide avenues for you to raise concerns and receive feedback on any action taken;
 - (b) allow you to take the matter further if you are dissatisfied with the Development Corporation’s response to the concerns expressed; and
 - (c) reassure you that you will be protected from possible reprisals or victimisation
- 2.2 Complaints systems are in place to provide a mechanism for individuals to complain about the standard of service, action or lack of action by the Development Corporation or its employees, which affect our services to the public. If you are an employee there are procedures in place to enable you to lodge a grievance relating to your own employment. The Confidential Reporting

Policy is intended to cover concerns that fall outside the scope of these procedures e.g. malpractice or wrongdoing. Thus any

serious concern that you may have regarding possible malpractice or wrongdoing in any aspect of service provision or the conduct of Officers or Members of the Development Corporation (although complaints about Members' conduct will need to be forwarded to the Development Corporation's Monitoring Officer) or others acting on behalf of the Development Corporation, can and should be reported under this policy. Employees and Officers are expected to report malpractice and wrongdoing and may be liable to disciplinary action if they knowingly and deliberately do not disclose information relating to malpractice or wrongdoing in any aspect of service provision or the conduct of Officers or Members of the Development Corporation or others acting on behalf of the Development Corporation.

3. WHAT IS MALPRACTICE OR WRONGDOING?

3.1 Malpractice and wrongdoing may be about something which:-

- is unlawful; or
- against the Development Corporation's Procedure Rules or policies; or
- is not in accordance with established standards of practice; or
- amounts to improper conduct by an Officer or a Member.

The overriding concern should be that it would be in the public interest for the malpractice or wrongdoing to be corrected and, if appropriate, sanctions to be applied.

3.2 The following are examples of issues which could be raised under this policy. It is not intended to be an exhaustive list and there may be other matters which could be dealt with under the policy:

- (a) any unlawful act or omission, whether criminal or a breach of civil law
- (b) maladministration, as defined by the Local Government Ombudsman
- (c) breach of any statutory code of practice
- (d) breach of, or failure to implement or comply with any policy determined by the Development Corporation
- (e) failure to comply with appropriate professional standards or other established standards of practice
- (f) corruption or fraud
- (g) actions which are likely to cause physical danger to any person, or give rise to a risk of significant damage to property
- (h) failure to take reasonable steps to report and rectify any situation which is likely to give rise to a significant avoidable cost, or loss of income, to the Combined Authority or would otherwise seriously prejudice the Development Corporation
- (i) abuse of power, or the use of the Development Corporation's powers and authority for any unauthorised or ulterior purpose
- (j) unfair discrimination in the Development Corporation's employment or services

- (k) dangerous procedures risking health and safety
- (l) damage to the environment
- (m) other unethical conduct

4. SAFEGUARDS

4.1 HARASSMENT OR VICTIMISATION

The decision to report a concern can be a difficult one to make, not least because of the fear of reprisal from those responsible for the malpractice or from the Development Corporation as a whole. The Development Corporation will not tolerate any harassment or victimisation and will take appropriate action in order to protect you if you raise a concern in good faith. In addition you are protected in law by the Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998, which gives employees protection from detriment and dismissal where they have made a protected disclosure, provided the legal requirements of the Act are satisfied.

This does not however necessarily mean that if you are already the subject of disciplinary procedures that those procedures will be halted as a result of a concern being raised under this policy.

4.2 CONFIDENTIALITY

It will be easier to follow up and to verify complaints if complainants are prepared to give their names. However, wherever possible the Development Corporation will protect those who do not want their names to be disclosed. It must be appreciated that any investigation process may nonetheless reveal the source of the information and that a statement from you may be required as part of the evidence.

4.3 ANONYMOUS ALLEGATIONS

Concerns expressed anonymously are much less powerful, and they will be treated with caution and considered at the discretion of the Development Corporation. In exercising this discretion, the factors to be taken into account would include:

- (a) the seriousness of the issues raised.
- (b) the credibility of the concern; and
- (c) the likelihood of obtaining the necessary information and confirmation of the allegation.

4.4 DELIBERATELY FALSE OR MALICIOUS ALLEGATIONS

The Development Corporation will view very seriously any deliberately false or malicious allegations it receives and will regard the making of any deliberately false or malicious allegations by any employee as a serious disciplinary offence which could result in dismissal.

If you make an allegation in good faith but it is not confirmed by the investigation, no action will be taken against you.

The Development Corporation will try to ensure that the negative impact of either a malicious or unfounded allegation about any employee is minimised. However, it must be acknowledged that it may not be possible to prevent all of the repercussions potentially involved.

5. HOW DO I RAISE A CONCERN?

5.1 If you suspect wrongdoing in the workplace:

- **do not** approach or accuse the individuals directly
- **do not** try to investigate the matter yourself
- **do not** convey your suspicions to anyone other than those with the proper authority, but **do** something!

5.2 As a first step, you should normally raise concerns with your immediate manager or supervisor. However, the most appropriate person to contact will depend on the seriousness and sensitivity of the issues involved and who is thought to be involved in the malpractice. For example, if you believe that senior management is involved in the matter of concern, or the normal channels of communication are inappropriate for some reason, as an employee of the Corporation you should approach a Nominated Officer (HR Advisor). If you feel that this would be inappropriate in the light of the particular matter concerned, or if you are not a Development Corporation employee, you can contact the Development Corporation's Monitoring Officer.

5.3 Concerns may be raised verbally but are better raised in writing. You are invited to set out the background and history of the concern giving relevant names, dates and places where possible, and the reason why you are particularly concerned about the situation. If you do not feel able to put your concern in writing you can telephone or meet the appropriate Officer.

5.4 The earlier a concern is expressed, the easier it is to take appropriate action.

5.5 Although you are not expected to prove the truth of an allegation that is made, it will be necessary for you to demonstrate to the person contacted that there are sufficient grounds for concern.

5.6 Advice and guidance on how matters of concern may be pursued can be obtained from the Development Corporation's Monitoring Officer.

5.7 Alternatively, you may wish to seek advice from your professional association.

6. HOW THE DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION WILL RESPOND

6.1 The action taken by the Development Corporation will depend on the nature of the concern. Where appropriate, the matters raised may:

- be investigated by management, internal audit, or through the disciplinary process
- be referred to the Police
- be referred to the external Auditor
- need to be the subject of a referral to the Development Corporation's Monitoring Officer
- form the subject of an independent enquiry

- 6.2** In order to protect individuals and the Development Corporation, initial enquiries will be made to decide whether an investigation is appropriate and, if so, what form it should take. Concerns or allegations which fall within the scope of specific procedures (for example allegations of breaches of the Development Corporation's Code of Conduct, or discrimination issues) will normally be referred for consideration under these procedures.
- 6.3** Some concerns may be resolved by agreed action without the need for investigation.
- 6.4** Within 14 calendar days of a concern being raised under this procedure the relevant Officer will write to you:
- (a) acknowledging that the concern has been received;
 - (b) indicating how it is proposed to deal with the matter;
 - (c) giving an estimate (so far as reasonably practicable) as to how long it will take to provide a final response;
 - (d) telling you whether any initial enquiries have been made; and
 - (e) telling you whether further investigations will take place and if not, why not.
- 6.5** The amount of contact between you and the Officers considering the issues will depend on the nature of the matters raised; the potential difficulties involved; and the clarity of information provided. If necessary, further information will be sought from you.
- 6.6** Where any meeting is arranged, you have the right, if you so wish, to be accompanied by someone who is not involved in the area of work and/or the matter to which the concern relates.
- 6.7** The Development Corporation will take appropriate steps to minimise any difficulties you may experience as a result of raising a concern. For example, if you are required to give evidence in criminal or disciplinary proceedings the Development Corporation will advise you about the procedure.
- 6.8** The Development Corporation accepts that you need to be reassured that the matter has been properly addressed. Therefore, subject to any legal restraints, you will receive as much information as possible about the outcomes of any investigation.

7. HOW CAN I TAKE THE MATTER FURTHER?

- 7.1** This policy is intended to provide employees and other persons with an avenue to raise concerns **within** the Development Corporation and it is hoped that you will take this option in the first place. The Development Corporation hopes you will be satisfied with the action taken under the policy. If you are not, and you feel it is right to take the matter outside the Development Corporation, then depending upon the nature of the issue involved, the following are possible contactpoints:
- a) the External Auditor
 - b) relevant professional bodies or regulatory organisations
 - c) the Police
 - d) the Local Government Ombudsman

- e) Public Concern at Work
- f) an independent legal adviser within the meaning of the Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998
- g) a regulatory body designated for the purposes of the Public Interest Disclosure Act

7.2 If you do wish to take the matter outside the Development Corporation, you must first ensure that you do not disclose confidential information. Check with the Compliance & Governance Manager or the Monitoring Officer about that. In addition, if you wish to secure the protections afforded by the Public Interest Disclosure Act, you must ensure that your disclosure is protected within the meaning of the Act and that it complies with a set of specific conditions which vary according to whom the disclosure is made. Again please check with the Compliance & Governance Manager or the Monitoring Officer about these matters.

8. RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE POLICY

8.1 The responsibility for the effectiveness of this policy rests with the Monitoring Officer. That Officer will be advised about and maintain records of concerns raised and the outcomes (but in a form which does not endanger your confidentiality) and will report as necessary to the Development Corporation or one of its Committees.

Appendix IV

FINANCIAL REGULATIONS

1. Purpose and Scope

- 1.1 These regulations form part of the Development Corporation's Constitution and they set out the financial management policies of the Middlesbrough Development Corporation (The Development Corporation) and are a key part of the Corporation's financial governance arrangements. All references to The Development Corporation within these financial regulations shall be taken to include all Development Corporation Group entities.
- 1.2 These regulations lay down for the guidance of Members and Officers, principles to be followed in securing the proper administration of the financial affairs of the Development Corporation.
- 1.3 It is important that these Regulations are, and continue to be, relevant to the Development Corporation. They should be reviewed regularly to remain consistent with the Development Corporation's Constitution and related documentation and be in line with best practice and legislation.
- 1.4 Where references are made to Group entities and/or activities that may on occasion conflict with a Subscription and Shareholders Agreement (SSHA) of Group entities these Financial regulations will prevail.

2. Role of the Development Corporation

- 2.1 Many of the responsibilities for financial matters are defined within the constitution of which these regulations form part and the Scheme of Delegation. Responsibilities are either reserved for the Development Corporation's Board to exercise or delegate to specific officers such as the Group Chief Executive Officer and Director of Finance & Resources.
- 2.2 The Development Corporation has overall responsibility for ensuring that the Development Corporation's expenditure remains within the resources available to it.

3. The Development Corporation is responsible for approving the Financial Control Framework of the Development Corporation.

Role of the Group Director of Finance & Resources

- 3.1 The Group Director of Finance & Resources, shall be responsible for ensuring the proper administration of the Development Corporation's financial affairs.
- 3.2 The Group Director of Finance & Resources shall issue and keep under

continuous review, such instructions, advice or procedures relating to financial matters as he or she considers necessary to secure the proper administration of the Development Corporation's financial affairs.

- 3.3 The Group Director of Finance & Resources is responsible for reporting, where appropriate, breaches of Financial Regulations.
- 3.4 The Group Director of Finance & Resources has responsibility for ensuring compliance with the requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations relating to accounting records, control systems and audit.
- 3.5 If any financial issues arise which result in any uncertainty or ambiguity as to the correct procedure to follow under these regulations, then the Group Director of Finance & Resources shall have delegated powers to give a valid direction as to the appropriate procedure to follow.
- 3.6 The Group Director of Finance & Resources for the Development Corporation is fulfilled by the Group Director of Finance & Resources for the Combined Authority. If significant conflicts of interest arise between these two roles, these will be identified, and discussed with the Group Chief Executive Officer, who may direct another person to temporarily fulfil the role of Group Director of Finance & Resources for the purpose of resolving the significant conflict of interest.

4. Role of the Officers and Group entities (“the Group”)

- 4.1 Chief Officers shall promote the financial management standards set by the Group Director of Finance & Resources and shall adhere to the standards and practices set down in these regulations.
- 4.2 It is the responsibility of Officers to consult with the Group Director of Finance & Resources and seek advice on any matters likely to have a material effect on the Development Corporation finances, before any decision is made.
- 4.3 If any Chief Officer or officer acting on behalf of the Development Corporation is aware of any contravention to these Financial Regulations, they must immediately notify the Group Director of Finance & Resources who shall determine appropriate action.

5. Accounting Policies

- 5.1 The Group Director of Finance & Resources is responsible for selecting Accounting Policies and ensuring that they are applied consistently. The key controls in Accounting Policies are that:
 - (a) Systems of internal control are in place to ensure that financial transactions are lawful.

- (b) Proper accounting records are determined and maintained.
- (c) Financial statements are prepared which represent fairly the financial position of the Development Corporation and its income and expenditure.

6. Financial Planning

- 6.1 The Group Director of Finance & Resources shall determine the appropriate timetable for the preparation of the annual budget that conforms to the statutory deadlines.
- 6.2 Each financial year, as part of the ongoing financial strategy, the Group, in consultation with the Group Director of Finance & Resources, will develop annual revenue and capital budget proposals for consideration by the Development Corporation's Board.
- 6.3 The Group shall prepare a statement of all resources and approvals covering a rolling programme identifying all approved schemes and programmes.
- 6.4 The Group Director of Finance & Resources will advise the Development Corporation on the robustness of budget proposals in accordance with his / her responsibilities under these financial regulations.
- 6.5 All revenue reserves held by the Development Corporation will be kept under review by the Group Director of Finance & Resources with a view to ensuring that they are spent on their specified purposes and that planned expenditure is properly phased.
- 6.6 The Group Director of Finance & Resources will also advise the Development Corporation on the prudent level of reserves and general balances.
- 6.7 The Group Chief Executive and Group Director of Finance & Resources will recommend approval of investment plans to the Development Corporation.

7. Financial Management – Revenue and Capital

Budget Monitoring and Control

- 7.1 The Group are responsible for monitoring their income and expenditure against the revenue and capital budgets approved by the Development Corporation.
- 7.2 The Group Director of Finance & Resources will establish an appropriate framework of financial management and control for the Development Corporation which ensures that;
 - (a) budget management is exercised within approved Development Corporation revenue and capital budgets;

- (b) expenditure and income is monitored using information held on the Development Corporation's corporate financial information system;
 - (c) timely and sufficient information on receipts and payments on each budget is available to enable managers to fulfil their budgetary responsibilities;
 - (d) additions and changes to approved expenditure plans require approval by the Board.
- 7.3 The Group must personally ensure that any information which suggests a potentially significant variation against their approved budget (both overspends and underspends) is notified at the earliest opportunity to the Group Director of Finance & Resources. Where appropriate, the Group Director of Finance & Resources shall prepare a specific report for the Development Corporation to consider the proposed approach to mitigate the effects of such variation.
- 7.4 Where additional revenue or capital resources become available, or are forecast to become available, the Group must notify the Group Director of Finance & Resources at the earliest opportunity.
- 7.5 The Group Director of Finance & Resources will prepare revenue and capital budget monitoring reports in conjunction with the Group for presentation to the Development Corporation on a regular basis. The frequency and content of these reports shall be determined by the Group Director of Finance & Resources, in consultation with the Development Corporation's Board.
- 7.6 Where the Group wish to propose new capital and revenue schemes or blocks for inclusion in the Development Corporation's programme, they must first consult the Group Director of Finance & Resources who will determine the approach to be taken for approval of the proposal. The proposals would need to be approved by the Development Corporation following advice from the Group Director of Finance & Resources.
- 7.7 Bids for external funding to support capital and revenue expenditure cannot take place until approved by the Group Director of Finance & Resources.
- 7.8 Expenditure cannot take place unless the scheme or programme is fully funded and approved.

8. Treasury Management

- 8.1 The Development Corporation's Treasury Management activities shall be defined as the management of its investments and cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks.
- 8.2 All Treasury Management activity shall be undertaken in full compliance with the Chartered Institute of Public Finance & Resources and Accountancy's Code of

Practice: Treasury Management in Public Services (revised 2011) as may be revised from time to time or such other practices and procedures as may be approved by the Development Corporation.

- 8.3 Only the Group Director of Finance & Resources may enter into any borrowing, investment and financing arrangements on behalf of the Development Corporation.
- 8.4 The Group shall ensure that loans are not made to third parties and that interests are not acquired in companies, joint ventures or other enterprises without the prior approval of the Group Director of Finance & Resources.
- 8.5 The Group Director of Finance & Resources is responsible for formulating an annual Borrowing and Treasury Management Strategy for approval by the Development Corporation in advance of the year together with providing a mid-year review and annual report after its close.

9. Banking Arrangements, Cheque Security and Credit Cards

- 9.1 No Group officer/entity other than the Group Director of Finance & Resources may open any bank account in the name of the Development Corporation
- 9.2 The Development Corporation's banking terms and overdraft arrangements shall be agreed by the Group Director of Finance & Resources.
- 9.3 All arrangements for the ordering and issuing of cheques shall be agreed by the Group Director of Finance & Resources, who shall make proper arrangements for their custody.
- 9.4 All cheques drawn on behalf of the Development Corporation shall be signed by 2 of the 3 key nominated signatories – Group Chief Executive Officer, the Group Director of Finance & Resources and the Engineering & Programme Director.
- 9.5 Credit cards, charge cards and other payment methods held in the Authority's name may only be opened, closed and managed by the Group Director of Finance & Resources.
- 9.6 The Group Director of Finance & Resources will ensure that bank reconciliations are completed on at least a monthly basis.

10. External Funding /Grants

- 10.1 The Group Director of Finance & Resources must be consulted on and approve all submissions to central government, European Union, Tees Valley Combined Authority and external bodies for funding. Prior to making any submission in relation

to external funding, the Group must ensure that:

- (a) an exit strategy is identified to manage the ultimate cessation of the funding stream with no adverse impact on the Development Corporation;
 - (b) any match-funding requirements are given due consideration prior to entering into agreements and that future revenue budgets reflect these requirements; and
 - (c) they are able to comply with the terms and conditions of a grant scheme, including auditor certification requirements, before accepting them.
- 10.2 The Group must seek approval from the Group Director of Finance & Resources before accepting any offer of funding from external bodies.
- 10.3 The Group are responsible for ensuring that all expenditure to be funded by grant is properly incurred in accordance with the requirements and conditions of the funding body, and is supported by adequate evidence.
- 10.4 The Group are responsible for ensuring the completion and submission of grant claims. The Group must also ensure that grant claims comply with the requirements and grant conditions of the funding body, are submitted promptly, supported by adequate evidence and approved by the Group Director of Finance & Resources.
- 10.5 The Group are responsible for ensuring that any legal implications and risks of working with third parties are appropriately addressed. This will include any back to back agreements as required.

11. Income

- 11.1 All monies received on behalf of the Development Corporation shall be paid in full into the Development Corporation's bank account without delay.
- 11.2 The Group shall ensure that all accounts for income due to the Development Corporation are raised within five days on an official sales invoice which provides particulars of all charges to be made for work done, services rendered, or goods.
- 11.3 The Group Director of Finance & Resources shall be notified promptly of all money due to the Development Corporation and of contracts, leases and other agreements and arrangements entered into which involve the receipt of money.
- 11.4 Any proposal to introduce charges or make changes to existing charges for the provision of services must be approved by the Group Director of Finance & Resources.
- 11.5 Any write off of unrecoverable debt should be in accordance with the write off criteria set by The Group Director of Finance Resources.

12. Ordering of and Payments for Works Goods and Services

- 12.1 Wherever possible a purchase order is required for all purchases of goods and services and these must be raised within the Development Corporation's financial system.
- 12.2 The Group must ensure that orders represent legitimate liabilities of the Development Corporation, sufficient budgetary provision exists to cover the payment and expenditure is correctly coded.
- 12.3 All orders for goods and services must be made in accordance with the Development Corporation's Procurement Policy.
- 12.4 All purchase orders and payments must be approved as detailed in the Scheme of Delegation.
- 12.5 The Group have the responsibility to ensure that payments are made within the terms of the contract and legislative requirements.

13. Insurance & Risk Management

- 13.1 The Group Director of Finance & Resources shall be responsible for ensuring that all insurable risks of the Development Corporation are adequately covered, for maintaining the necessary records and for managing all claims on behalf of the Development Corporation.
- 13.2 The Group shall notify the Group Director of Finance & Resources promptly of all risks, liabilities, properties or vehicles which are required to be insured, and of any alterations affecting risk or insurances indicating the amount of cover required.
- 13.3 The Group shall immediately notify the Group Director of Finance & Resources of any fire, loss, accident or other event that may give rise to a claim against the Development Corporation's insurers.
- 13.4 Directors are responsible for ensuring that a register of significant risks is maintained, reported and monitored.

14. Internal Audit

- 14.1 The Group Director of Finance & Resources shall be responsible for maintaining an internal audit of all accounts and financial transactions of the Development Corporation, and shall satisfy himself/herself as to security arrangements for the custody and safeguarding of the Development Corporation's assets as laid down in any legislation applicable to the Development Corporation and any relevant codes of practice adopted by the Development Corporation.
- 14.2 The Group Director of Finance & Resources, or nominated individuals

undertaking internal audit functions, shall have authority to all relevant records of any Service, and shall be entitled to require the production property and to obtain information or explanations with regard to any matters under examination.

- 14.3 The Group shall notify the Group Director of Finance & Resources immediately of any circumstances which may suggest the possibility of irregularity or loss affecting the Development Corporation. Where the Group Director of Finance & Resources considers that an irregularity may have occurred, action shall be taken by way of an investigation and report.
- 14.4 Directors shall consider and respond promptly to recommendations in audit reports and ensure that any agreed actions arising from audit recommendations are implemented in a timely manner.
- 14.5 The Group Chief Executive and Group Director of Finance & Resources (the Statutory Officers), as outlined in clause 28 of the Development Corporation's Constitution, shall advise the Board when a Referral Decision may be required.
- 14.6 The Development Corporation shall maintain a register of significant risks which may lead to or constitute a Referral Decision (Clause 33 of the Constitution) and notify the Group Director of Finance & Resources at the earliest opportunity of changes to the risk profile of the Corporation which could have a material effect on the Corporation's or the Combined Authority's liabilities.

15. Arrangements with external Organisation

- 15.1 The Group Director of Finance & Resources must be consulted prior to the establishment of any financial arrangements as part of partnerships or joint arrangements with external companies, other public organisations and community and voluntary groups. No partnership or joint arrangements shall be entered into without the approval of the Development Corporation.
- 15.2 Directors must confirm whether any arrangement requires the Development Corporation to be designated an 'Accountable Body'. Where this is the case, the Group Director of Finance & Resources must be consulted and approval of the Development Corporation must be obtained prior to the arrangement becoming operational.
- 15.3 The financial arrangements of all partnerships where the Development Corporation is the Accountable Body should meet the requirements of the Development Corporation's Financial Procedure Rules and Contract Procedure Rules.

Appendix V

SCHEME OF DELEGATIONS TO CHIEF OFFICERS

1. Introduction

This Scheme of Delegation has been adopted by the Board (meaning the members of the Middlesbrough Development Corporation meet as such) and can only be altered by the Board.

The roles of Group Chief Executive Officer and Group Director of Finance and Resources of the Development Corporation are discharged by the Group Chief Executive Officer and Group Director of Finance and Resources respectively.

The scope of this Scheme of Delegation applies to the MDC where defined below: -

MDC Board approves, and/or delegates to its statutory officers in consultation with the Chair, the necessary matters reserved for Board

1.1 Group Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

The CEO shall fulfil the statutory role of Accounting Officer. The CEO is responsible for the corporate management and overall operational capacity of the Development Corporation, including the strategic management of all of the Development Corporation's staff.

The CEO is appointed the Proper Officer for the purpose of receiving a list of the Development Corporation's politically restricted posts.

The CEO cannot be the Monitoring Officer.

1.2. Monitoring Officer

Under the provisions of s.7 of the Tees Valley Combined Authority (Functions) Order 2017, the designation and reports of the Monitoring Officer to the Combined Authority (the Monitoring Officer) shall apply as if the Corporation were a Committee to the Combined Authority. The Monitoring Officer will be responsible for promoting and maintaining high standards of conduct. The Monitoring Officer will provide advice on the scope of powers and authority to take decisions, maladministration and probity to all Members and provide a comprehensive service to the Development Corporation Board.

The Monitoring Officer to the Development Corporation is appointed the Proper Officer in relation to the following functions under the Local Government Act 1972:

Determination of those reports which should be available for public inspection prior to a meeting of the Development Corporation Board, the Audit and Risk Committee and any other of the Development Corporation and those which are likely to be heard in private and consequently which should not be released to the public (section 100B (2)).

- a) Provision of documents to the press, additional to committee reports (section 100B(7)).
- b) Preparing written summaries of proceedings (section 100C (2)).
- c) Making arrangements for lists of background papers to reports to be compiled, and for copies of documents on those lists to be made available for public inspection (section 100D (1))
- d) Advising on what may or may not be a background paper for the purposes of reports which are open to public inspection (section 100D (5))
- e) Determination of documents disclosing exempt information which may not be inspected by Members (section 100F (2)).
- f) Signature or authentication of Summonses to the Development Corporation Board (paragraph 4 (1A) (b) of Schedule 12).
- g) Declaration and Certificates with regard to securities (section 146 (1)(a) and(b)).
- h) Deposit of documents (section 225 (1)).
- i) Certifications of photographic copies of documents (section 229 (5)).
- j) Issuing and signing of formal notices (section 234 (1) and (2)).

The Monitoring Officer is also appointed the Proper Officer for the following purposes:-

- k) Certification of copies of resolutions, minutes, other documents.
- l) Exceptions to the overview and scrutiny and publicity requirements relating to key decisions (the Combined Authorities (Overview and Scrutiny Committees, Access to Information and Audit Committees) Order 2017.

The Monitoring Officer will maintain an up to date Register of Member's interests and an up to date version of the Constitution and will ensure that it is widely available for consideration by Members, officers and the public.

The Monitoring Officer will contribute to the promotion and maintenance of high standards of conduct and be responsible for the receipt and acknowledgement of complaints of failure by a Member of the Development Corporation to comply with the Members Code of Conduct.

The Monitoring Officer cannot be the Group Chief Executive Officer or the Group Director of Finance & Resources.

1.3 Group Director of Finance & Resources

The Group Director of Finance & Resources has responsibility for ensuring lawfulness and financial prudence of decision making. The Group Director of Finance & Resources is appointed Proper Officer in relation to the following:

- a) receipt of money due from officers (Local Government Act 1972, section 115 (2);and
- b) proper administration of the financial affairs of the Development Corporation.

The Group Director of Finance & Resources will provide advice and guidance to all Members on financial impropriety and budgetary issues and will report to the Development Corporation regarding any proposal, decision or course of action that will involve incurring unlawful expenditure, or that is unlawful and is likely to cause a loss or deficiency on the part of the Development Corporation (including all entities within the Development Corporation Group), or if the Development Corporation, or any of its Group entities, is about to enter an item of account unlawfully.

1.4 General

All officers in whose name reports are submitted to the Development Corporation Board, the Audit & Risk Committee and any workstream established by the Board, shall submit such reports via the Monitoring Officer for:

- a) Compilation and retention of lists of background papers and copies of the relevant documents and reports.
- b) Identifying and determining what are background papers.

2. Scheme of Delegation of Functions to Chief Officers

2.1 Section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972 enables the Development Corporation to delegate the discharge of any of its functions to its officers.

2.2 Section 107D of the Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 enables the TVCA Mayor to arrange for an officer of the Development Corporation to exercise any functions exercisable by the TVCA Mayor.

2.3 This part of the Constitution specifies those powers of the Development Corporation and the TVCA Mayor which, for the time being, are exercisable from time to time by officers of the Development Corporation, and stating the title of the officer in question by whom the powers are exercisable.

2.4 Chief Officers in the context of this Constitution mean the Group Chief Executive Officer, the Group Director of Finance & Resources.

2.5 The delegated powers of Chief Officers set out in this Scheme may be exercised by other officers authorised by the Chief Officer with the delegated power to act on their behalf and in their name, provided that appropriate administrative procedures are in place to record the authorisation and monitor decisions taken.

2.6 The exercise of delegated powers by officers is required to be in accordance with and subject to:

- a) Statute or other legal requirements, including the principles of public law, the

Human Rights Act 1998, statutory guidance and statutory codes of practice;

- b) this Constitution, the Development Corporation Board's Rules of Procedure and Financial Regulations currently in force;
- c) the revenue and capital budgets of the Development Corporation, subject to any variation thereof which is permitted by the Corporation's Financial Regulations; and
- d) any policy or direction of the Development Corporation Board, the Audit & Risk Committee and any workstream established by the Board acting in exercise of the powers delegated to it by the Development Corporation.

2.7 Officers may **not** exercise delegated powers where:

- a) the matter is reserved to the Development Corporation Board, or the TVCA Mayor, and is to be exercisable only by them, by law or by this Constitution
- b) the matter is a function which cannot by law be discharged by an officer;
- c) the Development Corporation Board, or a committee, sub-committee or joint committee to which the Development Corporation is a party, has determined that the matter should be discharged otherwise than by an officer.

2.8 Where in relation to an item before the Development Corporation Board, Audit & Risk Committee and any workstream established by the Board, a Chief Officer is given specific authority to determine a particular matter, the officer should ensure that there is an appropriate audit trail to evidence such a determination.

2.9 Any reference in this Scheme of Delegation to any enactment shall include a reference to any amendment or re-enactment of the same.

3. General Delegations to all Chief Officers (unless otherwise stated)

GD1 The day to day routine management, supervision and control of services provided for the Development Corporation by staff under its control in accordance with the Rules of Procedure and Financial Regulations of the Development Corporation.

Contracts and Accounts

GD2 The disposal of surplus or obsolete equipment to the person submitting the highest quotation up to a limit of £10,000 in value.

GD3 The acceptance of the best value tender or quotation (**Group Chief Executive Officer and Group Group Director of Finance and Resources**):

GD4

GD5

- a) For the supply of goods, materials or services for which financial provision has been made in the Development Corporation's Budget and that do not exceed £1,000,000, and
- b) For building and civil engineering works for which financial provision has been made in the Development Corporation's Budget and that do not exceed £10,000,000

The invitation of quotations for contracts for the supply of goods, materials or services from at least three persons, subject to financial provision having been made in the Revenue or Capital Budget of the Development Corporation.

The invitation of quotations for contracts for the execution of works from at least three persons, subject to financial provision having been made in the Revenue or Capital Budget of the Development Corporation.

GD6 The provision of services or the purchase of materials or minor items of equipment for which provision has been made in the revenue estimates.

4. Delegations to the Group Chief Executive Officer

- CEO1 To discharge the functions of the Group Chief Executive Officer in relation to the Development Corporation.
- CEO2 To engage officers on behalf of the Development Corporation in order to coordinate and carry out its functions.
- CEO3 To discharge any function of the Development Corporation which has not been specifically delegated to another officer or reserved to the Development Corporation Board or Audit Committee whether by law or by this Constitution.
- CEO4 To take all action which is necessary or required in relation to the exercise of any of the Development Corporation's functions or the functions of the TVCA Mayor (other than those functions which by law can be exercised only by the Development Corporation or by the TVCA Mayor), having regard to the Development Corporation's or TVCA Mayor's approved plans, policies or strategies and the Development Corporation's budget, and all enabling legislation.
- CEO5 Take any action which is necessary or required as a matter of urgency in the interests of the Development Corporation, in consultation (where practicable) with the Chair of the Development Corporation Board, the Monitoring Officer and the Group Director of Finance & Resources and the Group Engineering & Programme Director.
- CEO6 Nominate, appoint and remove, in consultation with the Chair of the Development Corporation Board, Development Corporation

representatives on the board of companies, trusts and other bodies, and to agree constitutional arrangements for such companies, trusts and other bodies, and give any necessary consent required within their relevant constitutions.

- CEO7 To authorise any named officer of the Development Corporation to exercise functions delegated to the Group Chief Executive Officer, the Group Director of Finance & Resources or the Monitoring Officer, including the functions of a consultee in relation to the exercise of an Officer's delegated powers.
- CE08 Authentication of documents and the use of the corporate seal, following appropriate consultation with the Monitoring Officer and Chair of the Board

5. Delegations to the Group Director of Finance & Resources

- DoFR1 To effect the proper administration of the Development Corporation's financial affairs particularly in relation to financial advice, procedures, records and accounting systems, internal audit and financial control generally.
- DoFR2 After consulting, so far as practicable with the Group Chief Executive Officer, the Engineering & Programme Director and the Monitoring Officer, to report to the Development Corporation Board if it appears to him/her that a decision has been made, or is about to be made which involves or would involve the Development Corporation incurring unlawful expenditure, or that a course of action has been taken or is about to be taken which, if pursued to its conclusion, would be unlawful and likely to cause a loss or deficiency on the part of the Corporation, or that an item of account is about to be made which is unlawful. Such a report will have the effect of prohibiting the proposal, decision or other action being implemented until the report has been considered.
- DoFR3 The taking of all action required on borrowing, investment and financing subject to the submission to the Development Corporation Board of an annual report of the Group Director of Finance & Resources on Treasury Management activities at six-monthly intervals in accordance with CIPFA's Code of Practice for Treasury Management and Prudential Codes.
- DoFR4 To effect all insurance cover required in connection with the business of the Development Corporation and to settle all claims under such insurances arranged for the Development Corporation's benefit.
- DoFR5 To discharge the functions of the Development Corporation under the Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2015 (with the exception of Regulations 6(2), 9(2) and 20(1)).
- DoFR6 To be the officer nominated, or to nominate in writing another officer, as the

person to receive disclosures of suspicious transactions for the purposes of the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 and any Regulations made thereunder.

DoFR7 To exercise the responsibilities assigned to the Group Director of Finance & Resources in the Development Corporation's financial arrangements and procedures and in its Procurement Policy.

DoFR8 To authorise any named Officer of the Development Corporation to exercise functions delegated to the Group Director of Finance & Resources, including the functions of a consultee in relation to the exercise of an Officer's delegated powers.

6. Delegations to the Monitoring Officer

MO1 The Monitoring Officer is authorised to:

- a) institute, prosecute, defend, withdraw, conduct, settle or appeal any administrative action and/or any legal proceedings on behalf of the Development Corporation;
- b) negotiate, issue, conclude and/or sign or execute any notice, document or agreement in any case where such action will facilitate, or be conducive or incidental to the carrying out of any decisions of the Development Corporation Board; or in any case where the Monitoring Officer considers that such action is necessary to protect the Development Corporation's interests, or to further or achieve the objectives of the Development Corporation; and
- c) settle or otherwise compromise any such administrative action or legal proceedings if they have been commenced or there are reasonable grounds for believing such actions or proceedings may be contemplated.

MO2 Authentication of documents and the use of the corporate seal.

MO3 After consulting, so far as practicable, with the Group Chief Executive Officer, Group Director of Finance & Resources, the Monitoring Officer will report to the Development Corporation Board if he/she considers that any proposal, decision or omission has given rise to or is likely to or would give rise to a contravention of any enactment or rule of law or any maladministration or failure as determined following an investigation by the Local Government Ombudsman. Such a report will have the effect of stopping the proposal or decision being implemented until the report has been considered.

MO4 To accept on behalf of the Development Corporation Board in-year changes to the membership of the Audit & Risk Committee and other workstreams established by the Board.

MO5 To make minor changes to the Constitution and its associated documents in order to reflect organisational or legislative change when the power remains

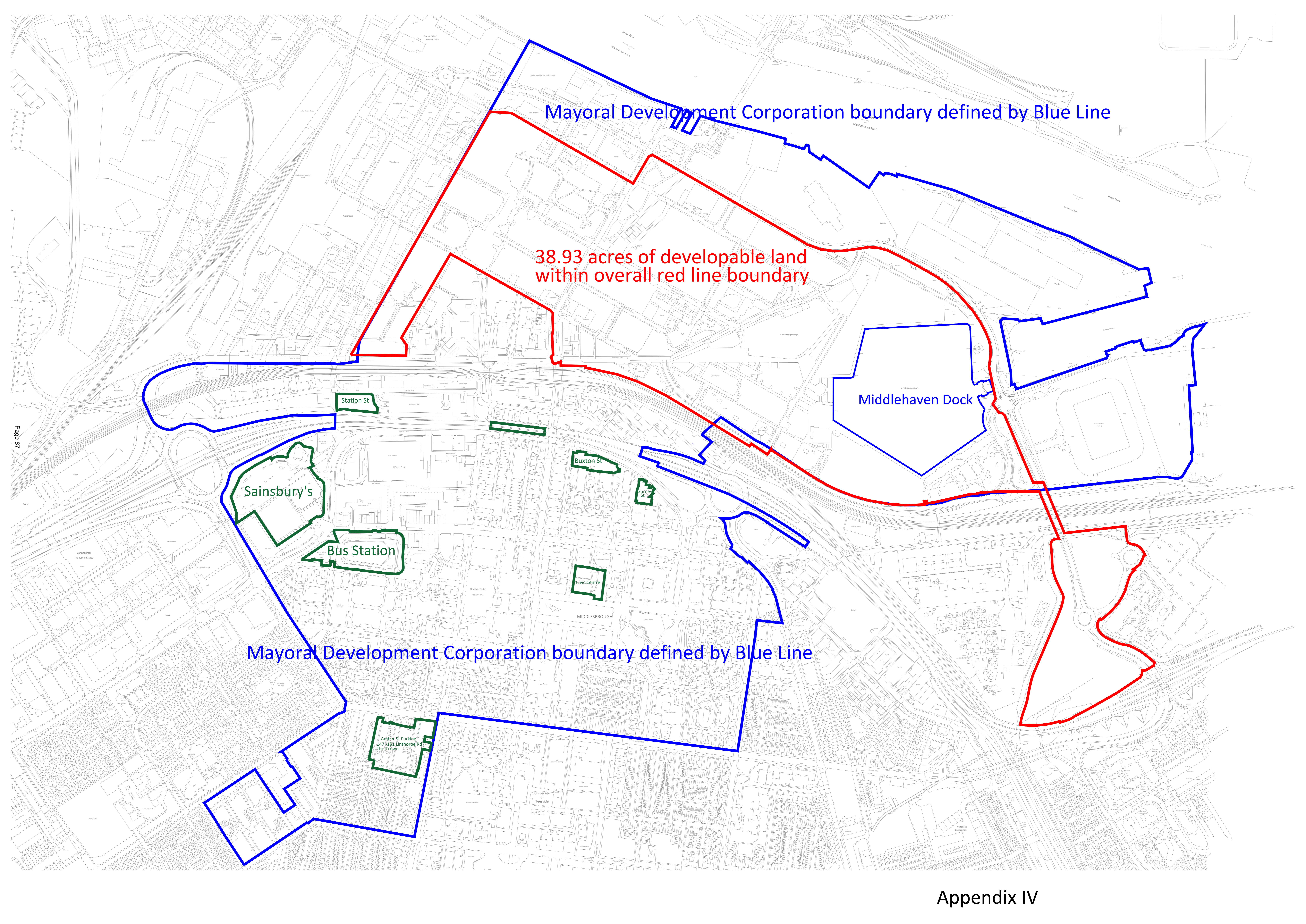
unaltered.

- MO6 To make any textual or grammatical corrections to the Constitution and its associated documents.

Supporting the Standards Regime

- MO7 To receive and acknowledge complaints of failure to comply with the Members' Code of Conduct under the Development Corporation's adopted local standards arrangements.
- MO8 To review complaints received in respect of any alleged breach by a Member of the Code of Conduct for Members and to act in accordance with the Development Corporation's adopted local arrangements.
- MO9 The Monitoring Officer will, where considered appropriate, either conduct or arrange for investigations to be conducted into alleged breaches of the Members' Code of Conduct referred to him/her.
- M10 The Monitoring Officer will undertake informal resolution of such complaints in accordance with the Development Corporation's adopted local arrangements.
- M11 To authorise any named Officer of the Development Corporation to exercise functions delegated to the Monitoring Officer, including the functions of a consultee in relation to the exercise of an Officer's delegated powers.

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Mayoral Development Corporation boundary defined by Blue Line

38.93 acres of developable land within overall red line boundary

Middlehaven Dock

Sainsbury's

Bus Station

Station St

Buxton St

Civic Centre

Amber St Parking
147-151 Linthorpe Rd
The Crown

Mayoral Development Corporation boundary defined by Blue Line

MIDDLESBROUGH

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